June 1, 1905 - Species from P. du L. East - 1019
Aug 17, 1905

1067
Freshet in Baddeck & Inova.

Sat., Aug. 16 - washed away ridge, potato field & even morin machine.

Day & gravel spit at Beauregard, C.B.

North Exploiting.
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.
BR = Bonaventure River.
Bar = Barachois de Malbaie
Belt = Belgium
Carl = Carleton
Ca = Cacouna
DR = Dauglas tern R.
D = Dauglas tern
Da = Dart R = Dartmouth
Dah = Dalhousie
Esc = Escuminac
FP = Father Point
GB = Gaspe Basin
Gr = Grant River
LC = Little Cascapedia
Mall = Malbaie
Mex = Metapietia
T = Témiscouata
Tr R = New Richmond
Rest = Restigouche R
TT = Table Top
Trae = Traeagard
York = York River
C = Cut-Car, Maine
N = Machias...
SJ = St. John, New Brunswick
B = Bathurst...
AC = Ariss-Carville, Quebec
P = Passébrac...
PD = Port Daniel...
Put. = Pointe Nouvelle...
SH = Shigarrakes...
BR = Bonaventure River...
Rdul. = Rivière du Laut...
Q = Quebec + suburbs to Sillery & to Montmorency
Cac. = Caraenna...
S = Sydney, Cape Breton
W = Windsor (half hour) St. John's (Nova Scotia)
K = Kentville...
SP = St. Peter's Point...
SM = Sheffield Mills
VR = Vault Road, North Mit.
BN = Black Hole near Bay Harbor
Preu. = Teethsome R. at Metapebi
C. verticillaris. ER⁺(R). Tract.++ BR.

- A. parvisepala. B. R. Mag. R. Stell. R. Bid. R. Mt(1m); BR⁺
  - Grand R(R⁺) Breit. éc. Y. R. ++


- T. alp. ER⁺ Y. R.

- R. ag. tichophyllus. Mt. H. ER⁺ Gr. ER. Barth. Lc⁺ Y. R.

- R. Purshii. BR⁺ Burton, Mt. A.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

Series I. PHANEROGAMIA; FLOWERING PLANTS.

Class I. DICOTYLEDONES ANGIOSPERMÆÆ.

Division I. POLYPETALÆ.

RANUNCULACEÆ. Crowfoot Family.

CLEMATIS, L. Virgin's Bower.

C. Virginiana, L.

Thickets; infrequent. Wasgatt Brook; mouth of Hadlock Brook (J. L. Wakefield); — Northeast Harbor, etc. (Rand); — Duck Brook (Rand, F. M. Day); — on Doctors Brook (R. & R.); — Echo Notch (Redfield).

ANEMONE, L. Wind-flower.

A. nemorosa, L.

Rare; apparently occurring only in the southeastern part of the Island. Otter Creek (Grace H. Eliot); — near Schooner Head (Clara L. Walley, Mary Minot).

THALICTRUM, L. Meadow Rue.


Common in wet ground, by streams, etc. Rhyt. A. J. Br. 3a (f) (f)

RANUNCULUS, L. Crowfoot. Buttercup.

R. Cymbalaria, Pursh. Seaside Crowfoot.

Sandy or muddy shores on the coast; common. C. B. Pre. Adl. A. D

R. Flammula, L., var. reptans (L.), E. Meyer. Creeping Spearwort.
Gravelly shores; infrequent. Pool near Schooner Head (Redfield, G. Hunt); — shores of Great Pond; Ripples Pond (Rand).

R. abortivus, L. Small-flowered Crowfoot.
Grassy fields; rare. Southwest Harbor; Somesville; Bar Harbor (Rand). Probably introduced in grass seed.

R. recurvatus, Poir.
Rare. Hadlock Valley (Redfield).

R. repens, L. Spotted-leaf Buttercup.
Frequent in moist ground by roadsides, in meadows, etc. While in some places, as by roadsides, this species is doubtless introduced, it appears indigenous in others. It is not so abundant on the Island as to lead to any strong presumption of its general introduction, or of its spreading to some remote places.

R. acris, L. Tall Buttercup.
Common everywhere. Naturalized from Europe.

Coptis, Salisb. Goldthread.

Aquilegia, L. Columbine.

A. Canadensis, L.
Rare. High Head (Rand); — East Point, Seal Harbor (A. Cope).

A. Vulgaris, L. Garden Columbine.
Occasional by roadsides and in waste places. Escaped from cultivation. Near Jordan Pond (Rand); — near Ovens (Green-leaf, Lane & Rand); — Town Hill (R. & R.).

Actaea, L. Baneberry.

A. alba (L.), Miller.
Deep woods; infrequent. Sargent Mt. Gorge, etc. (Rand); — Hadlock Valley (Redfield); — near Bar Harbor (F. M. Day).
6. var. eucalyptus. PD. Rest. FR. Rauh. Bie. Ricé. D. Ge. m. m. m.


R. pennsylvanica. B. Ca. BR. Zeeh (V) Rauh. BR.


R. Maconii. BR. M. Zeeh (m). Rauh. R.


Aconitum napellus. Q.


BR. Rest. D. Rauh. R. C. FR. m. m. m. R. T
N. rubrodiscum. *F.C.*


N. variegatum *Res.* *N*+ *GR.*

C. aurea **Bio**
BERBERIDACEAE. Barberry Family.

BERBERIS, L. Barberry.

B. Vulgaris, L. Common Barberry.

Escaped from gardens, or rarely spontaneous. Roadside north of Seal Harbor,—this station now destroyed (Rand, Redfield); — clearing, Canada Valley (Rand); — roadside near Norwood Cove (Rand, Annie S. Downs); — Ox Hill, Seal Harbor (Redfield).

NYMPHÆACEÆ. Water-lily Family.

BRASENIA, Schreb. Water Shield.

B. Peltata (Thunb.), Pursh.

Abundant in Witch Hole (Rand, Redfield, F. M. Day); — Somes Pond (R. & R., M. L. Fernald); — Ripples Pond (Rand).

NYMPHÆA, L. Water-lily.

N. Odorata, Ait.

Common in ponds and meadow streams. A form with very small flowers, Mountain Pond, Sargent Mt. (Rand).


N. Advena, Ait. f.

Common in ponds, slow streams, and bog holes.

SARRACENIACEÆ. Pitcher-plant Family.

SARRACENIA, L. Pitcher-plant. Side-saddle Flower.

S. Purpurea, L.

Common in peat bogs.

FUMARIACEÆ. Fumitory Family.

CORYDALIS, Vent.

C. Glauca (Moench), Pursh.

Rocky ground and burnt clearings; frequent, but nowhere in great abundance.
FUMARIA, L. FUMITORY.

F. officinalis, L.

CRUCIFERÆ. MUSTARD FAMILY.

CARDAMINE, L. BITTER CRESS.

C. hirsuta, L.
Frequent in brooks and on pond shores. So far as known the Island plants are all glabrous, and in other respects do not correspond to the typical European plant. Whether our common American plant is not specifically distinct seems to be an open question. That it is so distinct, see N. L. Britton, Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xix. 219. As, however, there appear to be intermediate forms, perhaps it would be wiser to give it only varietal rank. The Mt. Desert forms can perhaps be classified under the three following heads for convenience, although apparently there are no well defined dividing lines between them.

(a) Forma Pennsylvanica. C. Pennsylvanica, Muhl. Glabrous; large and leafy; few, if any, radical leaves; pods linear; pedicels somewhat divergent. Roadside ditch between Town Hill and Northwest Cove; near outlet of Great Pond; Intervale Brook (Rand).

(β) Like the last, but with widely divergent pedicels, and thicker, much shorter pods. The most common form. Brook, Clark Valley; Cold Brook; Intervale Brook (Rand); — Doctors Brook; Stanley Brook (Redfield); — Deer Brook (R. & R.).

(γ) A form more nearly corresponding to typical C. hirsuta. Glabrous; radical leaves rosulate; pedicels erect or somewhat spreading; style short and stout; pods variable in length and thickness. Shores of Northwest Arm, Great Pond (Rand, M. L. Fernald).

C. parviflora, L.
Leaflets mostly linear; radical leaves few or none; pods linear, erect on spreading pedicels. In dry ground, or among moist rocks; rare. Little Duck Island; Flying Mt. (Rand).

Papaver Rhoeas R. du L. Q. can.

F. communis. Q. Cape. Cove.

Chelidonium majus. Q.

C. pratensis BR. silt H.

C. pratensis par. salustis r.H. H.

Venturia diphylla H. H. H. BR. GC. (19).
- Arabis bischyi arpa, NC. Tan^+
  Magdeburg R (m), Bie^+ Cad^+

- A. connesta. Rdu^2^+

- A. hirsuta. P3^+ Con (m), Res^+ GR^+ Bie^+ Fr^+ Carl^+ RC, BR^+
  Pec^+ Ge

- A. alpina. Along Hwy. 13 mi. below mouth of St. Anneh.
  Up St. A. R. 20 mi. above on brook no. face of Albert (m),
  Ge.

- A. Collinsii. Bie^+
Daba hysasperrnna P.+

D. acabidanae - Hesp. Bay, 1 b from Cape


D. bicama, confusa - Picee.+

D. Halygois: Table Top (Alien).

D. Menosperma Picee.+

D. eftolaris Bic.+

D. bowatii Bic.+
B. striata, W.

Hesperus inaequalis, S.W. Sog.

Eupremene atricapitata, S.W. Sog. Dalh. BR.

S. Sophia, S. S. W. month of May, R(1\textdegree). W.

S. campestris var. troch-paup - sick & death.

B. juncea, S. S. W.

Diplotaxis muralis, S. Sog. Wk+ Wk+.

Diplot. recurvata - Wk+ Wk+.

Capsella - Wk+ Wk+.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

23 NASTURTIUM, R. Br. Water Cress.
N. palustre (Leys.), DC. Marsh Cress.
Rare. Field, Somesville (Rand). Doubtless introduced.

24 N. Armoracia (L.), Fries. Horseradish.
Rare. Escaped from cultivation to waste places. Somesville (Rand).
Adventive from Europe.

BARBAREA, R. Br. Winter Cress.

25 B. vulgaris, R. Br. Yellow Rocket.
Rare. Wayside, Bar Harbor (Rand). Lately introduced.

SISYMBRIUM, L. Hedge Mustard.

26 S. officinale (L.), Scop. Common Hedge Mustard.
Roadsides and waste places. Naturalized from Europe.

BRASSICA, L.

27 B. Sinapisstrum, Boiss. Charlock.
Old fields and waste places; infrequent. Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Somesville (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

28 B. nigra (L.), Koch. Black Mustard.
Old fields and waste places; frequent. Northeast Harbor; High Head; beach, Greening Island; Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

29 B. campestris, L. Turnip.
Old fields and waste places; frequent. Somesville (R. & R.); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor; Northeast Harbor (Rand). Introduced from Europe.

CAPSELLA, Medic. Shepherd’s Purse.

30 C. Bursa-pastoris (L.), Möench. 
A common weed, — even at Duck Islands (Redfield). Naturalized from Europe.
LEPIDIDUM, L. PEPPERGRASS.

31 L. Virginicum, L.
Roadsides; rare. Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald); — Somesville (Rand); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). Recently introduced from the South.

CAKILE, Gärtn. SEA ROCKET.

32 C. Americana, Nutt.
Common on sea beaches.

RAPHANUS, L. RADISH.

33 R. Raphanistrum, L. WILD RADISH. JOINTED CHcomplete.
Old fields and waste places; frequent. Northeast Harbor (W. H. Dunbar); — Southwest Harbor; Beech Hill; Somesville; Bar Harbor, etc. (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

CISTACEÆ. ROCK-ROSE FAMILY.

HUDSONIA, L.

34 H. ericoides, L. HEATH-LIKE HUDSONIA.
Frequent on mountain summits. Also on borders of Sea Wall Swamp, and on Bass Harbor road (Annie S. Downs).

LECHEA, L. PINWEED.

35 L. minor, L., var.
Very common in dry soil. The form found on the Island corresponds to L. intermedia, Leggett MS. = L. Leggettii, Britt. & Holl., var. intermedia (Legg.), Britt. & Holl., — according to Dr. N. L. Britton.

VIOLACEÆ. VIOLET FAMILY.

VIOLA, L. VIOLET.

36 V. palmata, L., var. cucullata (Ait.), Gray.
Common, mostly in moist ground. Very variable.

Forma albiflora.

Flowers pure white. Occasional. Emery District (Wm. C. Lane).

Carthamus sativa 4K+
*Helia paniculata* Bic. Cal. 4K+
*L. sativum* IV. Stad. in (m). 9R+
*L. apetalum* W. Sog.
L. *ruderal* IV.
L. *campestris* IV.

*R. sativa* B. S. Cal.

*Senecio Coronopus* Stad. (m).
S. *jimm литива*. Bic. Basin (m). 4K+


*S. nephrophyllus* Red+ Cen+ 4K+ R+ BR+ Sec. BR+ Dar+ R, 4K+
V. sinbriatula. K.
V. palustris. Albert (Allen),
V. sect. \( R^+ \) R. Radish (M), Grt. N. Carl.
Text mt (1900) Lc. Br. \( 40^+ \) mL.

V. cabriicoma. \( Lc^+ (R) \), Lc. Dark \( R^+ \) Ye.
V. cabriadora. Lc. \( B^+ L^+ R^+ mL \).
V. adurca. Carl.
Forma variegata.

Flowers blue, mottled with white. Occasional. Southwest Harbor; Somesville (Rand).

V. sagittata, Ait. Arrow-leaved Violet.

Frequent in open dry ground,—pastures and hillsides.

V. blanda, Willd. Sweet White Violet.

Common in wet places.

Var. renifolia, Gray. Kidney-leaved Violet.

Occasional. Southwest Harbor (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); old Beech Hill road, head of Norwood Cove (Rand).

Var. palustriformis, Gray. Common in wet places.

Not uncommon in mossy ground. Seal Harbor (Redfield);—Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald).

V. primulæfolia, L. Primrose-leaved Violet.

Infrequent. Southwest Harbor (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand, M. L. Fernald);—old road to Beech Hill, head of Norwood Cove; shore of Pond Heath (Rand).

V. lanceolata, L. Lance-leaved Violet.

Common in wet places and roadside ditches.


Rare. Bar Harbor (Margaret A. Rand).

Var. puberula, S. Watson.

Frequent in dry soil. High Head; pasture near Pond Heath; Northwest Cove (Rand);—Bar Harbor (Mary Minot).


**FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.**

**CARYOPHYLLACEÆ.**

**DIANTHUS, L. Pink.**

**D. DELTOIDES, L. Maiden Pink.**

Well established in field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot); — field, Northeast Harbor (B. E. J. Gresham). Adventive from Europe.

**SAPONARIA, L.**

**S. VACCARIA, L. Cow Herb.**

Uncommon. By roadside, Town Hill; in old grain field, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**SILENE, L. Catchfly. Campion.**

**S. NOCTIFLORA, L. Night-flowering Catchfly.**

Occasional in waste places. Roadside near Sargent Cove; Somesville; Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**S. ARMERIA, L. Sweet William Catchfly.**

Occasionally escaped from gardens to roadsides and waste places. Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall; between Fernald and Norwood Coves (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**S. CUCUBALUS, Wibel. S. inflata, Smith. Bladder Campion.**

Well established in field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Adventive from Europe.

**S. NUTANS, L.**

Well established in field, Bar Harbor, although not abundant (Mary Minot). Adventive from Europe.

**LYCHNIS, L. Cockle.**

**L. VESPERTINA, Sibth. Evening Lychnis. White Campion.**

Rare. Waste ground, Fernald Point (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**L. GUTHAGO (L.), Scop. Corn Cockle.**

Fields and roadsides; occasional. Southwest Harbor; Northeast Harbor (Rand); — Bracy Cove (Wm. C. Lane); — Seal Harbor (Redfield). Adventive from Europe.
D. bachaïrs, RSA.

S. officinale, Q.S.K.

S. caesalpin. Mt. Albert (m), 58.00 p.m.

L. decora, W. K (all white)

L. alpina arrow Mt. Albert (m).
A. serpyllifolia K.
  A. alpina var. hemifusa. Htt.

A. peplomides, S. C. C. Aud. Fr. M. T
  A. arctica

A. nema rubella, M. Ch. (m).
A. Ottone. C. A.

S. longipes, var. lacta. P. + Strach. (m). C. A. BR +

S. crucifolius. Enf. mt. C. A. BR +
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

ARENARIA, L. Sandwort.

A. Grælandica (Retz), Spreng.

Frequent on mountain summits; often on rocky hills of less altitude; and less frequently on headlands and rocky shores by the sea, as at Bar Harbor (Rand). At Mt. Desert this plant blooms throughout the entire season from early June to October, the later flowers, however, being much smaller in size and fewer in number.

A. lateriflora, L.

Common; fields, thickets, and banks by the seashore. Also Duck Islands (Elizabeth G. Britton).

STELLARIA, L. Chickweed. Starwort.

S. media (L.), Smith. Common Chickweed.


S. longifolia, Muhl. Long-leaved Starwort.

Rare. Damp ground on Intervale Brook, near Hulls Cove (R. & R.).

S. Graminea, L. English Starwort.


S. uliginosa, Murr. Swamp Starwort.

Rare. In wet ground and roadside ditch, east side of Northeast Harbor (T. Meehan & Redfield).

S. borealis, Bigel. Northern Starwort.

Frequent in wet ground. Little Harbor Brook Notch, Somesville (Rand); — Long Pond meadows (Wm. C. Lane); — Green Mt.; Bear Island (Redfield); — Otter Creek (T. G. White).

S. humifusa, Rottb.

Rare. Salt marsh, Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield). There is only one other station for this plant within the limits of Gray’s Manual, but it is common farther north.
CERASTIUM, L. Mouse-ear Chickweed.


Fields and waste places; common. Naturalized from Europe.

C. arvense, L. Field Chickweed.

Rare. Duck Islands (Rand, Redfield, Annie S. Downs); field near Ship Harbor (Redfield & Faxon).

SAGINA, L. Pearlwort.

S. procumbens, L.

Springy places and wet rocks; frequent. Sea Wall (H. C. Jones); — Flying Mt.; Somesville; Southwest Valley road, etc. (Rand); — Cranberry Isles (Redfield, Wm. C. Lane); — Bie Crl.

S. nodosa (L.), Fenzl. Knotty Pearlwort.

Crevices of rocks and gravelly banks; rare. Bar Harbor (Rand, Kate Furbish); — The Cliffs, Seal Harbor (Rand).

BUDA, Adans. (Spergularia, Presl.) Sand Spurrey.


Frequent; dry sandy soil, and occasionally on sea beaches. Manchester Point, Northeast Harbor; Bar Harbor (Rand); — Seal Harbor; Northeast Harbor; Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield); — Great Cranberry Isle; Fernald Point (R. & R.); — on beach, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand). This plant in dry soil is strictly procumbent, usually undersized and dwarfed; on beaches it becomes large and widely spreading.

B. marina (L.), Dumort. Spergularia salina, Presl. T

Sea beaches; rare. Sutton Island; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand). Bie + Rl

B. borealis, S. Watson. Spergularia borealis (S. Watson), Robinson.

Frequent on sea beaches and salt marshes. Wasgatt Cove (J. L. Wakefield); — Somesville; Little Cranberry Isle (Red-
C. alpinum. Petit Prince, Cape Sable, cliff 15 mi. below R. (St. A.

C. trigynum. Tabac Tor (a).

C. beeringianum, Bie+ Perce+T

S. linicola Bie+ -
S. occidentalis RSA
659 var. pubescens C.
Claytonia caroliniana. Cape Beavir (Ell.)
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

field); — Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall; Norwood Cove; High Head; Bar Harbor, etc. (Rand); — Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

SPERGULA, L. SPURREY.

S. HARVENSIS, L. CORN SPURREY.
A common weed in cultivated ground. Adventive from Europe. Forma rubra.

Flowers deep pink. Field, Salisbury Cove (Rand).

PORTULACACEAE. PURSLANE FAMILY.

MONTIA, L. BLINKS.

Sepals 2, ovate, persistent, herbaceous. Petals 5, united at base, 3 somewhat smaller. Stamens 3, rarely more, on the tube of the corolla. Ovary free, 3-ovuled: style 3-cleft, very short. Capsule 3-valved, 3-seeded. Seeds black, dull, tuberculate, rarely smoothish or shining.—A small branching glabrous succulent annual, with opposite leaves, and small axillary or racemose flowers. Bot. Cal., i. 77.

M. fontana, L.

Stems procumbent or ascending, 1 to 3 inches long: leaves spatulate to linear oblong or oblongate, 3 to 9 lines long: flowers a line long or less: capsule globose. (Bot. Cal., l. c.) Rare. Damp, brackish ground, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Great Duck Island (Redfield). The only stations thus far known within the limits of Gray's Manual, or in Eastern U. S. Common, however, farther north, and on Pacific shores.

PORTULACA, L. PURSLANE.

P. OLERACEA, L. PURSLANE. PURSLEY.

ELATINACEÆ. Waterwort Family.

ELATINE, L. Waterwort.

E. Americana (Pursh), Arn.

Rare. Margin of Somes Stream and of Mill Pond, Somesville (Rand, M. L. Fernald).

HYPERICACEÆ. St. John's-wort Family.

HYPERICUM, L. St. John's-wort.

*H. adpressum, Bart.

Rare. Adventive from farther south. Along the railroad, Green Mountain (Arnold Greene).

H. ellipticum, Hook.

Wet places and bogs; frequent. Pond Heath; Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor; High Head, etc. (Rand); — Somesville (R. & R.); — Squid Cove (Redfield).

H. perforatum, L. Common St. John's-wort.

Fields and roadsides; frequent in some parts of the Island. A well known weed. Naturalized from Europe.

H. mutilum, L.

Frequent in low grounds and wet places. Outlet of Great Pond; Southwest Harbor; Somesville, etc. (Rand); — shores of Great Pond (Redfield).

H. Canadense, L.

Common in wet, sandy soil.

Var. majus, Gray.

Frequent. Southwest Harbor; Northeast Harbor; Denning Brook; Long Pond meadows; Somesville; shores of Jordan Pond and Great Pond; Bass Harbor, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor; Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

Two somewhat peculiar forms of this variety are sometimes met with on the Island:
M. verticillata. W.


M. crispa. Q.

Tilia americana. Q.

L. catharticum. S.
(a) Simple; leaves ascending and somewhat appressed. Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand).

(β) Leaves broadly lanceolate, more or less strongly five-nerved at the base. Intervale Brook; Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand); — shores of Jordan Pond (Redfield).


Sandy or gravelly soil, roadsides and mountain tops; common. The mountain form is exceedingly dwarfed, often being no more than a single unbranched stem, less than one inch in height.


E. campanulata (Walt.), Pursh.  E. Virginica (L.), Nutt.

Common in swamps and bogs, and on borders of ponds.

MALVACEÆ.  MALLOW FAMILY.

MALVA, L.  MALLOW.


Waste and cultivated grounds about dwellings; not very common. Naturalized from Europe.

M. Alcæa, L.

Escaped to roadsides between Town Hill and Salisbury Cove (M. L. Fernald). Adventive from Europe.

LINACEÆ.  FLAX FAMILY.

LINUM, L.  FLAX.

L. usitatissimum, L.  Common Flax.

Uncommon. Roadsides near Seal Cove, and about Southwest Harbor; abundant in grain field, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.
G. Robertianum, L.  
**Herb Robert.**  
Frequent in damp, rocky places, especially at head of sea beaches. Abundant on Cranberry Isles (R. & R., F. M. Day); — Flying Mt. (Rand); — Bald Porcupine Island (W. H. Manning).

G. Carolinianum, L.  
Frequent in waste places and clearings. Southwest Harbor (Harriet A. Hill); — roadside near Denning Pond (Annie S. Downs); — Somesville; Town Hill; Hulls Cove; High Head; Bubble Pond, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).

Oxalis, L. **Wood Sorrel.**

O. Acetosella, L.  
**D.**  
Common in mossy ground, deep cold woods. This plant is believed to be the true Irish Shamrock, although the emblem is now commonly represented by species of Trifolium.

O. corniculata, L. var. stricta (L.), Say.  
**C.**  
Common, mostly in open ground.

Impatiens, L. **Balsam. Jewel Weed.**

I. fulva, Nutt. **Spotted Touch-me-not. Wild Balsam.**  
Moist places; common. A spurless form. Sea Wall (Rand).  
**Forma albiflora.**  
Flowers white or cream-color, spotted with pink; stems and foliage very pale. Southwest Harbor (Rand).

Ilex, L. **Holly.**

I. verticillata (L.), Gray. **Black Alder.**  
Low grounds and thickets; common.  

Flora of Mount Desert.
G. pratense. N.C. to P.D.

G. pyrenaicum, A.

G. Bucknellii, B. Pae L. Carol+

Erodium cicutarium, Carol+ F.F.

E. roachatum, YK+

J. aurea, A. Mont St. Luis (N).
Rhamnus alnifolia, 1C, PD, 3tg, WH, Cal., LC, BB, D, FR, Face.

Vitis vulpina, 6.

var. Barbatum, 2.
Var. tenuifolia, Torr.

Leaves petiolate, obovate, thin, smooth beneath except a slight pubescence on the midrib, uncinate serrate, obtuse, or more commonly mucronate-tipped; pistillate flowers 4–5-cleft, commonly solitary, short-pedicelled; berries scarlet. A shrub about 5° high with very slender branches. Torr. Fl. North. States, 338. A woodland form, appearing most distinct from the type.* On Denning Brook, Somesville (M. L. Fernald).

NEMOPANTHES, Raf. Mountain Holly.

N. fascicularis, Raf. N. Canadensis (Mx.), DC. Damp ground; common.

VITACEÆ. Vine Family.

AMPELOPSIS, Mx.

A. quinquefolia (L.), Mx. Virginian Creeper. Woodbine.

Common in cultivation, and often escaped to roadsides and waste places. Squid Cove; Southwest Harbor; Somesville (Rand). There is no satisfactory evidence that this plant is indigenous on the Island. Introduced from farther south.

SAPINDACEÆ. Soapberry Family.

ACER, L. Maple.

A. Pennsylvanicum, L. Striped Maple.

Common in woodlands.

A. spicatum, Lam. Mountain Maple. D. & C.

Common in rocky woods.


Infrequent. Sargent District, etc. (Rand);—Seal Harbor. Mt. Rede. etc. (Redfield);—near Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). A. S. K. N.

A. rubrum, L. Red Maple.

Common in swamps and damp ground.

ANACARDIACEÆ. Cashew Family.

RHUS, L. Sumach.

R. typhina, L.  Staghorn Sumach.
Hillsides, etc.; frequent, but rather local.

R. Toxicodendron, L.  Poison Ivy.
Thickets and low grounds; frequent, but local in its distribution. Common on cliffs and rocky banks by the seashore; — Pierce Head; Little Harbor; Hunters Beach; Roberts Point, etc. (R. & R.); — especially on the southern shore of the island. It is also found in some abundance about Somesville and vicinity in low grounds and by roadsides. Poisonous to the touch.

POLYGALACEÆ. Milkwort Family.

POLYGALA, L. Milkwort.

P. paucifolia, Willd.  Fringed Polygala.
Infrequent and local. Reported by various collectors from different parts of the region south and east of Salisbury Cove. Also found southwest of Youngs District (Clara L. Walley, Greenleaf, Lane & Rand).

P. sanguinea, L.
Infrequent. Fields, Bar Harbor; Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — “Mt. Desert” (R. H. Day).

P. verticillata, L.
Rare. Fields, Norwood Road, Southwest Harbor (Rand, Anna H. Bee).

LEGUMINOSÆ. Pulse Family.

TRIFOLIUM, L.  Clover. Trefoil.

T. Arvense, L.  Rabbit-foot Clover.
Old fields, roadsides, etc.; common. Naturalized from Europe.
T. Perc, 4K, Sx3, Sx2

T. incarnatum, cue + S. k

4K (Haploides)

Lotus corniculatus, S.
T. PRATENSE, L.  
Red Clover.  
Fields and pastures; common. Naturalized from Europe.

T. repens, L.  
White Clover.  
Common everywhere in fields, pastures, and by waysides. Naturalized from Europe, and possibly indigenous northward.

T. HYBRIDUM, L.  
Alsike Clover.  
Roadsides and fields; becoming common. This beautiful clover was rare on the Island ten or twelve years ago. Since that time it has appeared in increasing abundance every year. It does not seem, however, to be cultivated, or introduced intentionally. Naturalized from Europe.

T. AGRARIUM, L.  
Hop Clover.  
Infrequent in fields and by roadsides. Southwest Harbor (Rand, Harriet A. Hill); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Bar Harbor (Mary Minot); — Beech Hill (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

T. PROCUMBENS, L.  
Low Hop Clover.  
Common in fields and by roadsides. Naturalized from Europe, but appearing indigenous. Small, simple, erect forms are common. This is "the real Irish Shamrock" of the newspapers, a long account of which appears regularly every two or three years. The error has been exposed so many times that it seems almost needless to refer to it here. (See Oxalis Acetosella, page 88.)

MELILLOTUS, Juss.  
MELILOT.

M. officinalis (L.), Wild.  

M. ALBA, Lam.  
By waysides and in waste ground; more common than the last. Goose Cove (Wm. C. Lane); — Bar Harbor (F. M. F.)
Day); — Somesville (Annie S. Downs); — Seal Harbor (Redfield, Lizzie Churchill); — Eden; Fernald Point (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**MEDICAGO, L. MEDICK.**

*M. LUPULINA, L. BLACK MEDICK. SNAILS.*

Sparingly introduced. Beach, Sea Wall (Rand); — Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Adventive from Europe.

**ROBINIA, L. LOCUST-TREE.**

*R. PSEUDACACIA, L. COMMON LOCUST.*

Escaped from cultivation to roadsides. Southwest Harbor; Q. Somesville; Town Hill, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield). Adventive from the Middle States.

*R. VIScosa, Vent. CLAMMY LOCUST.*

Escaped from cultivation. Roadside, Northeast Harbor (Redfield). Adventive from the mountains of the Southern States.

**DESMODIUM, Desv. TICK TREFOIL.**

*D. ACMINATUM (Mx.), DC.*

Rare. Clearing, Northwest Arm woods, Great Pond (Annie S. Downs). Perhaps introduced, as this species has not as yet been found elsewhere on the island.

**Vicia, L. Vetch. Tare.**

*V. SATIVA, L. COMMON VETCH, or TARE.*

Common, especially on sea beaches. Naturalized from Europe. A very pubescent form with flowers often peduncled, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot).

*V. CRACCA, L. INDIAN PEA (WC) E. T."
Atripaleno crysophyllum, Redhead Lake (n), Rest + BR +
A. cooperi, Hillside, Great Basin (n).
A. alpina, Rest + (once white)
A. frigidus, var. americanus, LC + BR +
O. tropic campestri, caerulea, Cape St. Louis (n).
O. camp. johannisii, ER (R), Rest +

Hesperacum boulbe, ER (Pax), ER (R), Rest + BR + BR + Pece + R + R +
R (China)

Var. nigra, Giroux + P. St. Carl. BR.
Var. neocasperea P. BR. Paud. S. Carl. Bi. Pece +

Hesperacum, Giroux + P. S. Carl.
Hesperacum, Giroux + Carl. YK.
P. americana, Q

P. Avium, S.P.

P. interiors EV(R) Rest, BR, F.R.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

LATHYRUS, L. Everlasting Pea.

L. maritimus (L.), Bigel. Beach Pea. C, B, P, Rdax, S, B, t, Bic, &c.

Very common on sea beaches.

L. palustris, L. Marsh Pea.

Moist places near the sea; frequent. Aunt Molly's Beach; Southwester Harbor; Sea Wall; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Bar Island, Bar Harbor (F. M. Day); — Little Cranberry Isle; Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Norwood Cove (M. L. Fernald).

L. pratensis, L. Field Pea.

Well established in field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Naturalized from Europe.

AMPHICARPAEA, Ell. Hog Peanut.

A. monoica (L.), Ell.

Damp thickets on Somes Stream (Rand). Apparently indigenous, but perhaps introduced.

ROSACEAE. Rose Family.

PRUNUS, L. Plum. Cherry.

P. Pennsylvanica, L. f. Wild Red Cherry.

Rocky soil, woods and thickets; very common.

P. Virginiana, L.Choke Cherry.

Waysides and thickets; frequent. Salisbury Cove, etc. C, N, & &

Bar Harbor, etc. (F. M. Day).

P. serotina, Ehrh. Wild Black Cherry.

Not uncommon about Somesville (Henry C. Jones, and others); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). Blooming later than the preceding, which it much resembles.
S. salsoloides, L. Common Meadow Sweet.
Low grounds and damp hillsides; common.

S. tomentosa, L. Hardhack.
Low grounds; common.


R. odoratus, L. Purple Flowering Raspberry.
Occasional by roadsides. Emery District; Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Halls Cove (R. H. Day). An evident escape from cultivation. Adventive from beyond our limits.

R. chamissoi, L. Baked Apple Berry.
Rare. The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.). Said to grow in great abundance near Prospect Harbor, Gouldsborough, on the mainland.

Common in damp woods and in swamps.

R. strigosus, Mx. Wild Red Raspberry.
Very common everywhere, especially in clearings and old fields.

R. villosus, Ait. High Blackberry.
Waysides, fields, and thickets; very common.

Var. frondosus (Bigel.), Torr.
Frequent. Northwest Cove; about Somesville and elsewhere (E. Faxon, R. & R.); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).

Var. Randii, Bailey.
Low and diffuse, 1°—2½° high, the canes bearing very few and weak prickles, or often entirely unarmed, very slender and soft, sometimes appearing as if nearly herbaceous; leaves very thin and nearly or quite smooth beneath and on the petioles, the teeth rather coarse and unequal; cluster stout, with one or two simple leaves in its base, not villous, and very slightly if at all
S. — R. dulcis. a. mel+ D.
S. — Prick top (Filipendula?) a

R. azoricus. M. Albert (M). 4R+

R. Idaeus. P. Pie+

R. milteffianii B. S. K.

R. migrans. K. Srg.
Alchemilla

Tryas dimorpha: \( S^+ R \), Actin + Ste, A, deh Rb (m), \( S^+ \)

\( D^+ \ D^+ \)

D. integrifolia (viv)

\( G. \) virginianum, \( K \), \( D^+ R^+ \)

\( G. \) macrophyllum, PD, BR, Rod, Mol, Ca, Bic, Ave, GC

\( G. \) pulchrum Bic

Sibbaldia procumbens \( \text{Mol} \) Aest (71), \( \text{Trach} \) (140)?
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

pubescent; flowers half or less the size of those of \( R. \) \( villosus \); fruit small, dry, and "seedy." Woods, Southwest Valley road (Rand).

Dry fields and roadsides; frequent.

\( R. \) \textit{hispidus}, L. Running Swamp Blackberry.
Low grounds and by waysides; common.

\( R. \) \textit{setosus}, Bigel.
Stouter than \( R. \) \textit{hispidus}, larger leaved, suberect or ascending, the older wood most densely clothed with slender, stiff, slightly reflexed bristles; not evergreen; flowers usually small; fruit reddish black, about 3" high; leaflets mostly acute, or short acuminate, generally 5 on the leaves of the sterile shoots, and 3 on the flowering branches, short petiolulate or sessile; pedicels and petaioles often with a few weak bristles, pubescent. (See N. L. Britton in Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 278, whence the above description is mainly taken.) Not uncommon. Somesville; Beech Cliff; Oak Hill (Rand).

\( D. \) \textit{repens}, L.
Woods; common. Fertile flowers mainly, if not entirely, cleistogamous, appearing rather earlier than the more showy flowers. (See T. Meehan, Proceedings Acad. Nat. Sciences of Phila., 1892, p. 371.)

\( G. \) \textit{album}, Gmelin.
Thickets; rare. Wasgatt Cove (Wm. H. Dunbar); — Somesville (Rand); — near Somesville (Arnold Greene).

\( G. \) \textit{strictum}, Ait.
Rare. Somesville (Rand). Perhaps introduced.

\( G. \) \textit{rivale}, L. Water Avens.
Common in wet fields and meadows in the north and west of the Island. Also Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — meadow at Schooner Head (Robert B. Worthington); — Cold Brook (Rand).
FRAGARIA, L. STRAWBERRY.

139 F. Virginiana, Mill. Very common everywhere.

*F. vesca, L.

P. Virginiana, Mill.

Fields and rocky places; rare.

POTENTILLA, L. CINQUEFOIL.

141 P. Norvegica, L. Fields and waste places; frequent.

142 P. Pennsylvanica, L. Rare. North of the Island (Wm. C. Lane?).

143 P. argentea, L. Dry ground; common.

144 P. palustris (L.), Scop. Marsh Potentilla.

Bogs; rare. Somesville (Rand); — Great Cranberry Isle (Redfield). C. B. C. Pic. Q. S. S. T.

145 P. fruticosa, L. Shrubby Cinquefoil.

Infrequent. Asticou (Wm. C. Lane); — Sargent Mt. (Rand); — Jordan Mt. (Arthur Chase); — Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs); — Long Pond meadows (Redfield). Generally in dry ground. C. B. C. Pic. Q. S. S. T.

146 P. tridentata, Ait. White Potentilla.

Shores and mountain summits; common.

147 P. Anserina. Silver Weed.

Salt marshes and muddy beaches; common on the coast.

148 P. Canadensis, L. Common Cinquefoil.

Fields and waysides; common. The typical form — which is low or dwarf, silky-hairy, with prostrate and decumbent stems — is rare. Northeast Harbor (Rand). The common form of the Island is var. simplex (Mx.), T. & G. This is less hairy and greener, larger, the ascending stem 1°—2° long, seldom if ever
F. canadensis, C 9 H. Bie+ Cal. 9C T

F. americana, B D. 9 H.

F. Haystack, Rdu L.

P. littoralis, Rdu L+ Mont. Louis (M). Bie+ Cal. Trace +1920

Peres+ Barach+ Fl. Tod. Rio. Blenda

P. arguta, Bie-

P. nivea, Bie+ Perce +

t. var. concolor, P. Rdu L. Eg. 2 M E. Bar-

RHK + YR MC RSA - T

A. pyropsara. it.


True M. (1900) BR. Peice. BR. SC. SC. MR. RSA. T

R. astansana. Peice +

R. -- Daur P

R. -- Bic + 4C + 2RC. T
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

creeping; from a thicker and harder caudex; leaflets obovate-oblong, sometimes almost glabrous. (Torr. & Gray, Fl. N. A., i. 443; Gray, Man., 5th ed. 154.) Although intermediate forms between this and the type are found, it seems that this is a good variety. Observations at Mt. Desert and elsewhere do not accord with those of Dr. N. L. Britton (Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xviii. 365).

AGRIMONIA, L. Agrimony.

A. Eupatoria, L. Common Agrimony.

RARE. Woods, Roberts Point, Northeast Harbor; woods, Hadlock Upper Pond (Rand); — near Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).

ROSA, L. Rose.

R. Carolina, L. Swamp Rose.

Swamps and borders of streams; frequent.


Abundant everywhere, usually in dry ground. A form with downy petioles, in rich soil, north of Long Pond (Redfield).

R. humilis, Marsh.

A plant answering to the description of this species has been found in woods, Somesville (M. L. Fernald). It is very desirable that the occurrence of this species should be further verified.

R. nitida, Willd. Early Swamp Rose.

In bogs throughout the Island, and on Cranberry Isles; common.

R. Rubiginosa, L. Sweet Brier.

Rare. Naturalized from Europe in fields remote from dwellings, High Head; Bass Harbor (Annie S. Downs); — Seal Harbor (Rand).

R. Cinnamomea, L. Cinnamon Rose.

Stems 5°-8° high with brownish-red bark, and some straightish prickles; leaves pale, downy beneath; flowers small, pale

PYRUS, L. APPLE. PEAR.

P. MALUS, L. APPLE.

Infrequently spontaneous by waysides, in old fields, etc. Northeast Harbor; Somesville; Canada Valley; Sutton Island (Rand).

P. arbutifolia (L.), L. f., var. melanocarpa (Mx.), Hook. BLACK CHOKEBERRY.

Common in both wet and dry ground. Very variable in height from 4°–5° in swamps to 6°–1° on mountains. A double-flowered form, Breakneck Ponds (Rand).

Forma pubescens.


P. Americana (Marsh.), DC. MOUNTAIN ASH.

Rocky woods; common. Leaves commonly less taper-pointed, and a darker green in color than farther south. Somewhat approaching the next in general appearance. Somesville (Rand); — Bar Harbor (Mary Minot).

P. sambucifolia, Cham. & Schlecht. NORTHERN MOUNTAIN ASH.

Rare. Beech Cliff (E. Faxon); — Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald); — Beech Hill (Rand).

C. coccinea, L. SCARLET-FRUITED THORN.

Infrequent. Little Harbor Brook Notch (Rand); — Denning Brook (M. L. Fernald).

Var. macracantha (Lodd.), Dudley.

Frequent by waysides, rocky banks, beaches, etc. The common Thorn of the Island.
P. aemuparia, Stg.

C. oxyacantha, Sp.

C. Fernaltii, B.R. S. Ex(R) Rest.

C — !!!!!!!! Q. Dth. K.

C — S.

C K

C C K

C C K
A. nigrosquamulosa. BR. GR+ BR-, P. calcis. REA. TRAC. (1800-1900) XC
   P. calcis. REA. XL. RDA. T

A. Peri'

Bar. Capitipin. Eufor. 87 (Scolie). Peri'


S. acerifolium. Cap. bec. May. P. R. 1808. (m) Peri+ T

S. agricola. P. du X. Indien (m) bec. May. 8 St. K. (m).
   BR+ Peri'

Parnassia palustris. BR. Thaum. 8. K. K. (m).

O. maxima. BR. L. BR. GR. GR. Calc. X. + BR+ Peri+ T

O. Karstenii. Mac. (m) X. + BR+ DSR. G. R. RDA.

P. Carolina. REA. GR. BR+

Roy. calcisola. TRAC. 1800-1900. Calc. X. BR+ BR+ GR. Peri'

DAR.

Roy. 3. 3. Peri+ T
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

AMELANCHIER, Medic.  Shadbush.  Sugar Pear.

A. Canadensis (L.), Medic.  Shadbush.  
Rocky woods; common.  Large trees of this species in Little Harbor Brook Notch.  
Var. oblongifolia, T. & G.  Common.

SAXIFRAGACEÆ. Saxifrage Family.

SAXIFRAGA, L. Saxifrage.

S. Virginisensis, Mx.  Early Saxifrage.
Rocky places; infrequent.  Valley Cove; Dog Mt.; Flying Mt.; Beech Cliff (Rand); — Sargent Mt. (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); — Schooner Head (Clara L. Walley); — ledges on road between Seal Harbor and Hunters Brook (Redfield).

MITELLA, L. Mitrewort.

M. nuda, L.  
Cool, mossy woods; rare.  Hadlock Valley (Redfield); — Cold Brook (R. & R.); — woods, head of Barcelona meadow (Rand).

CHRYSOSPLENIUM, L. Golden Saxifrage.

C. Americanum, Schwein.  
Brooks and wet places; infrequent.  On trail between Jordan Pond and Northeast Harbor; Doctors Brook; Little Harbor Brook; Canada Brook; Cold Brook (Rand); — Two Mile Brook (M. L. Fernald).

RIBES, L. Gooseberry.  Currant.

R. oxyacanthoides, L.  Wild Gooseberry.  
Common, usually in rocky ground.

R. lacustre, Poir.  
Rare.  In wet pasture, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.


R. floridum, L’Hér. Wild Black Currant.
Uncommon. Clearing, Canada Valley (Rand); — on Somes Stream (R. & R., M. L. Fernald); — Beech Hill (Redfield). Without doubt introduced in the last-named station, and doubtless escaped from cultivation in the others.

R. rubrum, L. Red Currant.
Sparingly escaped from cultivation. Beech Hill, etc.; near High Head, remote from dwellings (Rand).

CRASSULACEÆ. Orpine Family.

SEDUM, L. Stonecrop. Orpine.

S. acre, L. Mossy Stonecrop.
Sparingly escaped from cultivation to roadsides, rocky places, etc. Roadside, Southwest Harbor (William H. Dunbar); — established in abundance on rocks, Southwest Harbor (Henry L. Rand); — among stones, near the cemetery, Somesville (Redfield). Naturalized from Europe.

S. Telephium, L. Live-for-ever.
Escaped from cultivation to roadsides and fields; frequent. Southwest Harbor; Fernald Cove; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Hulls Cove (F. M. Day); — Somesville (R. & R.). Adventive from Europe.

S. Rhodiola, DC. Roseroot.
Rare. Dog Mt. (Henry C. Jones, Rand); — Egg Rock (Henry C. Smith).

DROSERACEÆ. Sundew Family.

DROSDRA, L. Sundew.

D. rotundifolia, L. Round-leaved Sundew.

D.R. 4C 767 R.

D. prostr. comosa, G.R.

D. longifolia, G.R.

D. linearis, G.R.
M. spicatum, Dar.

Bogs and borders of ponds; common.

HAMAMELIDEÆ. Witch Hazel Family.

HAMAMELIS, L. Witch Hazel.

H. Virginiana, L.
Occasional in woods and by roadsides.

HALORAGACEÆ. Water Milfoil Family.

MYRIOPHYLLUM, L. Water Milfoil.

M. verticillatum, L.
Rare—Ripples Pond (M. L. Fernald, Rand). B, Dak+

PROSERPINACA, L. Mermaid Weed.

P. palustris, L.
Rare. Meadow at head of Northeast Creek (Rand, M. L. Fernald).

HIPPURIS, L. Mare’s Tail.

H. vulgaris, L.
Uncommon. Shallow pools at Sea Wall and vicinity, near shore (Henry C. Jones, Elizabeth G. Britton, Rand);—marsh, Great Duck Island (Redfield);—not rare, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand, Redfield, Arnold Greene).

CALLITRICHE, L. Water Starwort.

C. verna, L.
Frequent in muddy streams and ditches. Ditch, Bass Harbor (Rand);—Somers Stream (R. & R.);—Hunters Brook (Redfield);—Two Mile Brook; Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald). Cat. LC. BR. ER. Pace, D. Dak, 49.
MELASTOMACEÆ. MELASTOMA FAMILY.

**RHEXIA, L. Meadow Beauty.**

1. **R. Virginica, L.**
   - Sandy or gravelly pond shores; infrequent. Duck Brook meadows; Breakneck Ponds; Great Pond (Rand); — Eagle Lake; Witch Hole (Redfield).

LYTHRACEÆ. LOOSESTRIFE FAMILY.

**DECODON, Gmelin. Swamp Loosestrife.**

1. **D. verticillatus (L.), Ell. Nesaea verticillata (L.), HBK.**
   - Rare. Swamp, Somes Pond (R. & R.).

ONAGRACEÆ. EVENING PRIMROSE FAMILY.

**LUDWIGIA, L. False Loosestrife.**

1. **L. palustris (L.), Ell. Water Purslane.**
   - Abundant on flats, Ripples Pond (Rand). The only station thus far reported on the Island.

EPILOBium, L. Willow Herb.

1. **E. angustifolium, L. Fireweed.**
   - Common, especially in clearings and in burnt ground. 
   - **Forma alboiiorum.**
     - Flowers pure white. Little Cranberry Isle (William H. Dunbar).

2. **E. lineare, Muhl.**
   - Bogs and in wet ground; common. A simple form approaching **E. palustre**, Western Mt. (Rand). 
   - **Forma latifolia.**
     - Leaves larger, often 4" broad and 2' long. Bog, north of Beech Hill (Rand).
E. latifolium, Dartm., nagi. + Str a R. (m), BR⁺⁺, BR⁺⁺, BR⁺⁺⁺

E. alpina var. Inta -
E. alpina fontanum, Intact - on coast Mt. Lewis (n),
BR⁺⁺, Lc⁺⁺, Gc⁺⁺, IF, RSl, T

aligianthum B, MTc, Ca, Mtc, Ca, Calc⁺⁺, BR⁺⁺, BR⁺⁺, BR⁺⁺⁺

E. anguissifolium Inta⁺⁺
C. lutescens, R. S, N.T. and R.T.

$\theta = \rho + c$

E. gradus, T3, N.T. G. C. S. N.T. and R.T.

D. Yk: Michelson (m) S. R. R. A. C. T. R. A.
E. strictum, Muhl.
Bogs and wet ground; frequent. Near Sea Wall; High Head; Southwest Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Salisbury {BCP+} Cove (Clara L. Walley). A form said by Prof. Trelease to be "perhaps crossed with E. lineare," bog, north of Beech Hill (Rand).

E. coloratum, Muhl.
Apparently rare on the Island. Bog, north of Beech Hill; Southwest Harbor (Rand). {BCP+}
A hybrid, E. coloratum × E. adenocaulon, roadside, south of Bubble Pond (Rand).

E. adenocaulon, Hausskn.
Common in low ground. {C.B. K.C. R.tu X. A.S. K. Q.C. W.t}

CENOTHERA, L. EVENING PRIMROSE.

C. biennis, L. COMMON EVENING PRIMROSE. {Redfiol}
Fields, waysides, and sea beaches; common. Variable. A very pubescent form with long white hairs, Hadlock farm, near Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Seal Harbor (Sara E. Boggs).

C. pumila, L.
Common in dry soil. Often much dwarfed. {C.B. K.A. Q.S. S.t}

CIRCAEA, L. ENCHANTER'S NIGHTSHADE.

C. alpina, L.
Common in damp, shady woods. {C. S.t J. B. K.C. S. K. Q.R. B.C. C.C.}

CUCURBITACEÆ. GOURD FAMILY.

ECHINOCYSTIS, T. & G. WILD BALSAM APPLE.

E. lobata (Mx.), T. & G.
Extensively cultivated throughout the Island, and often spontaneous and persistent in waste places and by waysides. Bar Harbor; Southwest Harbor, etc. (R. & R.) Adventive from the West.
FICOIDEÆ.

MOLLUGO, L. Indian Chickweed.

M. verticillata, L. Carpet Weed.


UMBELLIFERÆ. Parsley Family.

DAUCUS, L. Carrot.

D. carota, L.

Old fields; occasional. Long Pond (Redfield); — Sea Wall (Rand); — Bar Harbor (Mary Minot).

CONIOSELINUM, Fisch. Hemlock Parsley.

C. canadense (Mx.), T. & G.

Wet woods and meadows; frequent. Seal Harbor; Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — Hadlock Upper Pond; Little Harbor Brook Valley, etc. (Rand).

HERACLEUM, L. Cow Parsnip.

H. lanatum, Mx.

Frequent, especially near sea beaches. Somesville (R. & R.); — Fernald Point; Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Rand); — Baker Island (Redfield).

PASTINACA, L. Parsnip.

P. sativa, L.

Roadsides, waste grounds, and old fields; frequent. Northeast Harbor (Henry C. Jones); — Long Pond; Somesville; Southwest Harbor; Bar Harbor; Canada Valley, etc. (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.
Angelica atropurpurea, Grant Cascap R. S. Lc., Bk.

Anthridium crepulum, Matalu
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

105

LIGUSTICUM, L. LOVAGE.


Sea beaches, banks and rocks near salt water; common.

C. C. P. H. S. S. P. R. 

GEOPLEURUM, Lede.

L. edeb. 

Gmelini (DC.) Lede.- Archangelica Gmelini, DC. C. C. P. H. S. S. P. 

Frequent on the seashore in damp ground. Plant very strongly aromatic.

C. C. P. H. S. S. P. R. 

SIUM, L. WATER PARSNIP.

S. cicutæfolium, Gmelin. C. B. C. C. C. 

Brooks and pond shores; common.

CARUM, L. CARAWAY.

C. Carui, L. 

Common in fields and waste places about settlements. Naturalized from Europe.

C. C. P. H. S. S. P. 

CICUTA, L. WATER HEMLOCK.

C. maculata, L. D. Bar. R. 

Wet grounds; common. Roots poisonous.

C. C. P. H. S. S. P. 

C. bulbifera, L. 

Wet places; infrequent. Somesville; Northeast Harbor P. D. Ca. (Rand). Also poisonous.

HYDROCOTYLE, L. WATER PENNYWORT.

H. Americana, L. 

Wet places,— woods and meadows; frequent. Hadlock Upper C. Pond; High Head; Southwest Valley road; Town Hill, etc. (Rand); — Somesville (R. & R., M. L. Fernald). Stems stoloniferous, especially in late summer.
SANICULA, L. BLACK SNAKEROOT.

S. Marylandica, L. 

Wet woods and meadows; infrequent. Little Harbor Brook Notch (R. & R., Arnold Greene); — Cold Brook; Long Pond meadows (Rand).

ARALIACEÆ. GINSENG FAMILY.

ARALIA, L. WILD SARSAPARILLA.

A. racemosa, L. SPIKENARD.

Woods; infrequent. Little Harbor Brook Notch (Rand, Red.); — Intervale Brook (F. M. Day); — Hadlock Valley (G. Hunt); — Southwest Valley road; Wild Cat Valley (Rand); — roadside east of Seal Harbor; Bubble Pond (Redfield).

A. hispida, Vent. BRISTLY SARSAPARILLA.

Open rocky places and burnt clearings; common.

A. nudicaulis, L. WILD SARSAPARILLA.

Rich rocky woods; common.

CORNACEÆ. DOGWOOD FAMILY.

CORNUS, L. CORNEL. DOGWOOD.

C. Canadensis, L. BUNCHBERRY. DWARF CORNEL.

Very common; woods and everywhere. Often blooming until late fall. 

C. circinata, L'Hér. ROUND-LEAVED CORNEL.

Woods and thickets; infrequent. Echo Notch (R. & R.); — Little Harbor Brook Notch; High Head; Northwest Cove; Somesville (Rand).

C. alternifolia, L. f. ALTERNATE-LEAVED CORNEL.

Woods and copses; common.
C. succinea Rdu x. Ca.

C. echinifera, P. Rdu x. Ca. case (m) recr. Gr, Br, V. Carl, Kc, Br.
Pércé, D du R, 96 917%. Rsa - ma - T
Flora: RSA, med.


C. alpina L. (P) Suec. sem. 4 R. 4 C. 4 C. B. 4 C. 4 C. 4 C.

C. praeclara L. (P) Suec. sem. 4 R. 4 C. 4 C. B. 4 C. 4 C. 4 C. 4 C.

C. alpina L. (P) Suec. sem. 4 R. 4 C. 4 C. B. 4 C. 4 C. 4 C. 4 C.

Sym. racemosus! Bie.+

Symph. min. pre. racemosus, Q. S. T. Tad.

var. caudigatu.
SAMBUCUS, L. ELDER.

S. Canadensis, L. Common Elder.

Frequent in rich soil, but nowhere very abundant. Somesville; Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Gilmore Meadow, etc. (Rand); — Long Pond meadows, etc. (Redfield); — Bar Harbor (F. M. Day).

S. racemosa, L. S. pubens, Mx. Red-berryed Elder.

Rocky places and waysides; more common than the last. A form with yellowish colored fruit, near Northeast Harbor (Theodore G. White).

VIBURNUM, L. Arrow Wood.

V. lantanoides, Mx. Hobble Bush.

Common; rocky woods,— especially on mountain brooks,— and sometimes in low ground.

V. acerifolium, L. Maple-leaved Viburnum.

Thickets and borders of woods; frequent; rare in the southeastern part of the Island.

V. dentatum, L. Arrow Wood.

Rare. Meadow at head of Northeast Creek (Rand, Redfield, M. L. Fernald).

V. cassinoides, L. Withe-rod.

Rocky woods, moist banks, and wet places; common. Also on mountain summits.

LINNÆA, Gronov. Twin Flower.

L. borealis, Gronov. Twin Flower.

Woods, especially in sandy soil; common. Also Cranberry Isles and Duck Islands (Redfield).
Lonicera, L. Honeysuckle.

L. ciliata, Muhl. Fly Honeysuckle. Rocky woods; infrequent. Hadlock Upper Pond; Sargent Mt. Gorge; Little Harbor Brook Notch; Northwest Arm woods, etc. (Rand); — Squid Cove (Wm. C. Lane); — Hadlock Valley; Jordan Pond road; Bear Island (Redfield); — Norway Drive (Mary Minot); — Bald Porcupine Island (W. H. Manning).

L. caerulea, L. Mountain Fly Honeysuckle. Damp ground; frequent.


D. trifida, Mönch. Common in rocky ground; woods and clearings.

Rubiacæ. Madder Family.

Houstonia, L.


Mitchella, L. Partridge Berry.

M. repens, L. Thickets and woods, especially under Conifera; frequent.

Galium, L. Bedstraw.

G. verum, L. Yellow Bedstraw. Well established for years in fields, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot, M. L. Fernald). Adventive from Europe.

G. mollugo, L. Established in field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Adventive from Europe. A somewhat pubescent form with revolute, sharply pointed leaves, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot).
L. cempewirna S. a

L. invaciora Metapedia 5 Citrum P (D)

Cephalanthus. Milltown, N.Y.
G. erectum, Hudson Metapedia (JRC)

G. trifidum subbiflorum, GR+

G. Labradoricum. BR. Cal. ER+ Dist. Oesc. &K+ &K+ BR+


C. Kindtiana, mt. Albert (M)

Valeriana pyrethrica, BR(R). &K. BR,

Kranzisia arvensis. Cal+ "

Emp. amentoides. I. Trac. Mt. (1900). LC. BR. BR+ &K+ &K+ &K+

mt. RbA.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

G. Aparine, L. Cleavers.

Rare; yet in abundance on beach, Fish Point, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand). Probably introduced.

G. trifadum, L. Small Bedstraw.

Common in wet ground. Variable.

G. pusillum, Gray.

Not uncommon in cold sphagnum bogs. Little Cranberry Isle; Great Duck Island (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald). XE. CR. BR. X.

G. asprellum, Mx. Rough Bedstraw.

Roadsides and low thickets; frequent. Robinson Mt. (Wm. H. Dunbar); — Somesville; Emery District (R. & R.); — Sea Wall; Oak Hill, etc. (Rand). D. BEAK. X. X.

G. triflorum, Mx. Sweet-scented Bedstraw.

Woods; common. Le. CR. B. E. P. R. D. X. W. CA. BR. X.

COMPOSITÆ. Composite Family.

EUPATORIUM, L. Thoroughwort.

E. perfoliatum, L. Joe-Pye Weed.

Low grounds, brooksides, and meadows; frequent.

E. perfoliatum, L. Boneset. Thoroughwort.

Low grounds and wet roadsides; common.

SOLIDAGO, L. Golden Rod.

S. squarrosa, Muhl.

Rare; roadsides and thickets. Emery District (Rand, Annie S. Downs); — foot of Western Mt. (Rand); —’’Salisbury Woods” (Clara L. Walley).

S. latifolia, L. Ge.

Damp, low woods, especially by brooksides; frequent. Head of Hadlock Upper Pond; foot of Western Mt.; Little Harbor.
Brook Notch; Beech Mt. Notch; and elsewhere (Rand); — path to Bubble Pond; path to Newport Pond; Hadlock Valley (Redfield); — Dog Mt., in dry, open ground (Rand).

**S. bicolor, L.**  **White Golden Rod.**

Roadsides and fields; common.

**Var. concolor, T. & G.**

Roadside, south of High Head. The plant, however, is not a very well marked form of this variety.

**S. Virgaurea, L.**

Stem erect, sparingly branched, 4'–24' high, glabrous or pubescent with curled hairs; leaves linear or lanceolate-oblong, 1'–4' long, obscurely toothed, obtuse or acute; heads crowded, 4'' long, shortly peduncled, golden yellow; bracts of the involucre linear, acute, glabrous, green, margins scarious; ray flowers 10–12, spreading; disk flowers 10–20; achene pubescent, pappus white. Hooker, Fl. Brit. Isles, 205. (See also Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 207.) Hio, Southwest Harbor; foot Pemetic Mt.; Great Cranberry Isle; path on Jordan Mt.; Frenchman Camp road (Rand); — Seal Harbor (R. & R.). This Island form is very like var. *angustifolia*, Gand., and var. *ericetorum*, DC., of the Old World, with lower leaves oblanceolate, long pectioled, and upper leaves narrower. There are other forms, with narrower, thinner leaves, approaching *S. humilis*, Pursh, but hardly to be placed under that species. Seal Harbor (Redfield); — foot of Western Mt.; Great Cranberry Isle; Dog Mt.; east peak of Western Mt.; Frenchman Camp road (Rand).

**Var. Randii, Porter.**

More or less glutinous; stems stout, erect, 1°–2° high, often dark purple, puberulent, or sometimes glabrate below; radical and lower leaves obovate or oblanceolate, acute, serrate, — cauline lanceolate or elliptical-lanceolate, sparingly serrate or entire, glabrous; inflorescence an ample branched panicle or loose virgate thyrs; heads 3'' or more long; outer scales of the involucre mostly ovate or lance-ovate and bluntnish, sometimes almost linear and acute, inner ones oblong-linear, yellowish,
S. bic. canata. L. C. BR. 4C. 10C. 72K. 1CH.

240a. macrophylla. C. BR. 4K. 2D. V. 1CH. 10C. 72K. 1CH.

S. chlorophae. RSA.

S. decumbens. MTA. Ponde.

var. alpinia. mt. Alcide (M). This is next.

S. multipliata, var. torpedinum. alb. (YDA). MTA.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

with scarious margins and acute or acuminate tips; achenes pubescent or nearly smooth. Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 208. Abundant; dry fields, roadsides, and among rocks, especially in the southern part of the Island. Also found on the mountains, distinct, or imperceptibly passing into the next variety. Frenchman Camp; Seal Harbor (R. & R.); — Sea wall, Long Pond; Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor; The Cliffs, Seal Harbor; Hunters Beach Head; Long Pond meadows; Sargent Mt.; Dog Mt.; Pemetic Mt.; Western Mt.; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Rand).


Stems 3'-12' high, often slender; inflorescence a short, compact, or sometimes loose thyrse, 2'-4' long; heads 1½"-3" long; scales of the involucre variable, ovate and bluntish or oblong and obtuse, inner ones not elongated. Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 209. Common on mountain summits, and occasionally at lower altitudes, even at the sea level. Sargent Mt.; Pemetic Mt.; Jordan Mt.; Western Mt.; Dog Mt.; Hunters Beach Head; Seal Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

Var. Redfieldii, Porter.

Very glutinous; stems stout and rigid, 16'-18' high; leaves thickish or coriaceous; branches of the panicle starting from half-way down the stem or even from the base, strict, erect, bearing short clusters of heads in the upper bracts; beads small, 2"-3" long; scales of the involucre short, more or less scarious. Its inflorescence is strikingly like that of S. juncea, Ait., var. ramosa, Porter & Britt. Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 209. Rare. Seal Harbor, etc. (Redfield); — foot of Western Mt.; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

S. sempervirens, L. Sea Golden Rod.

Frequent on sea cliffs; common in salt or brackish marshes, and on muddy beaches.

S. puberula, Nutt.

Dry, open ground, and by waysides; common; — less frequent in woods. Very variable in form of inflorescence, etc. A form
with panicle much-branched, branches erect, much resembling
S. juncea, Ait., var. ramosa, Porter & Britt., in clearings,
Sunken Heath, and elsewhere (Rand). A form with inflor¬
escence axillary, much prolonged, Emery District, and elsewhere
(Rand).

S. rugosa, Mill.  S. altissima, T. & G., non L.
Fields, thickets, and roadsides; common.  

S. neglecta, T. & G.  Swamp Golden Rod.
Swamps, bogs, and meadows. Especially common in sphag¬
num bogs.

Var. linoides (T. & G.), Gray.
Sphagnum bogs; infrequent. Great Heath; The Heath, C.
Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

S. juncea, Ait.  Early Golden Rod.
Dry ground; common. The earliest flowering species of the
genus on the Island. A form more or less pubescent, Hio,
Southwest Harbor (Rand). A form approaching var. ramosa,
Porter & Britt., Jordan Mt. (Rand).

S. serotina, Ait.
Rare. Copses, Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — Salisbury
Cove (Clara L. Walley).

Var. gigantea (Ait.), Gray.
Copses and low grounds; frequent. A low form, Long Pond
meadows (Redfield). A form approaching S. rupestris, Raf.,
Long Pond meadows (Redfield).

S. Canadensis, L.
Roadsides, fields, and thickets; common.

Var. glabrata, Porter.
Low, slender 2°–3° high, stems glabrous or glabrate below;
puberulent above; leaves numerous, crowded, linear-lanceolate,
tapering into a long acumination, upper ones entire, lower ones
with a few sharp serratures, scabrous on the veins beneath;
innovosa B. 3.  jr. BR. GR. FP.

S. alpina RSA -
var. defunctus, Srg.
var. velutinus, Bic. Cast.
var. macilis, M.C.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

panicles small, with filiform branches; bracts acute or acutish. Roadsides and thickets; infrequent. Near Hadlock Brook, Wasgatt Cove (Rand); — road between Frenchman Camp and Hadlock farm; Frenchman Camp; above Long Pond meadows (Redfield).

S. nemoralis, Ait.

Dry grounds; very common. A form with axillary, much prolonged inflorescence, clusters distant,—between Southwest Harbor and Bass Harbor (Rand).

S. lanceolata, L.

Roadsides and fields; very common. 

ASTER, L. Aster.

A. macrophyllus, L. Great-leaved Aster.

Woods and clearings; common. Flowering more abundantly when in clearings or in open ground. Often appearing with few or none of the characteristic root-leaves. To this form, it seems, should be referred specimens collected near Bubble Pond (Redfield), and named by Dr. Asa Gray A. Herveyi.

A. radula, Ait. Rough-leaved Aster.

Low grounds and borders of swamps; common. A form approaching var. strictus, Gray, roadside between Town Hill and Emery District (Rand).

A. undulatus, L.

Rare. Frenchman Camp road (R. & R.).

A. cordifolius, L. Heart-leaved Aster.

Wooded banks and waysides; rare. Somesville; Juniper Cove; near head of Northeast Harbor (Rand). 

A. Lindleyanus, T. & G.

Dry ground; rare. Southwest Valley road; High Head (Rand); — Thompson Island (Annie S. Downs); — Frenchman Camp road (Redfield).
A. polyphyllus, Willd.
Infrequent and local; in greatest abundance on the mountains. Dog Mt.; Jordan Mt.; Pemetic Mt.; Long Pond meadows (Rand); — Frenchman Camp; on Hunters Brook, near Frenchman Camp (R. & R.). The forms from Jordan Mt. are much dwarfed.

A. ericoides, L.
Rare. Wayside, road to Jordan Pond (R. & R.).

A. vimineus, Lam.
Rare. Frenchman Camp (Rand).

A. diffusus, Ait.
Fields, thickets, and waysides; very common. Variable. A form with purple ray flowers and panicles less elongated, Little Harbor (Rand).

Var. thyrsoides, Gray.
Rare. Seal Harbor (R. & R.).

A. Tradescanti, L.
Rare. Southern foot of Western Mt. (Rand).

A. paniculatus, Lam.
Moist ground; frequent and widely distributed, especially in the northern part of the Island. Shore of Northwest Arm, Great Pond; Liscomb Brook, and elsewhere in Emery District; Oak Hill and northward; Somesville; Ripples Pond; Bass Harbor; road to Great Pond, Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand).

A. salicifolius, Ait.
Low grounds and roadsides; frequent. Southwest Harbor; southern foot of Western Mt.; Somesville; Beech Hill; Oak Hill; Town Hill; Bass Harbor; Northwest Cove; Eden P. O., etc. (Rand).

A. junceus, Ait.
Rare. Roadside between Southwest Harbor and Bass Harbor; between Town Hill and Emery District (Rand).
a - foliaceus - Ma.

a. — — Lc. RR.
a. GR
a. GR
a. GR
a. GR
a. GR
var. villicaulis. Bk.*

a — GR* Paul* Dan* R*

Low grounds; infrequent. Roadside thicket near Juniper Cove; Cliff walk, Seal Harbor; Meadow Brook, Oak Hill; roadside between Town Hill and Emery District; Eden P. O.; Somesville (Rand).

A. Novi-Belgii, L.

Abundant everywhere in both wet and dry ground. Very variable in foliage, size of heads, color of ray flowers, etc. The common form has smooth, thick leaves. A form with very narrow leaves, Somesville; Bass Harbor; Emery Cove; foot of Western Mt.; Pond Heath, etc. (Rand). Forms of this species apparently pass into A. puniceus, L., var. lucidulus, Gray.

Forma albiflorus.

Ray flowers pure white. Cliffs east of Seal Harbor (Rand).

Forma roseus.

A salt marsh form, low, only 1° high; stems dark purple; leaves linear, thick, with purple midrib, the lower stem leaves bearing abundant axillary clusters of small leaves; rays bright pink. Near Bass Harbor (Rand).

Var. litoreus, Gray.

Salt marshes or wet shores; infrequent or rare. Mouth of Northeast Creek; Somes Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand). Forms approaching this variety are abundant, but the variety itself is seldom found.

A. patulus, Lam.

Rare. Meadow, head of Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald); — Town Hill road, Somesville (Rand).

A. tardiflorus, L.

Rare. Wood road to Broad Cove; road from Town Hill to Thomas Bay (Rand).

A. puniceus, L.

Common in wet ground.
Var. Incidulus, Gray.

Frequent in wet places and moist ground. Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Town Hill; Emery Cove; Youngs District; Eden P. O., etc. (Rand). Apparently more abundant in the northern part of the Island.

Var. Isvcaulis, Gray.


A. umbellatus, Mill. Diplopappus umbellatus, T. & G. (Rand)

Roadside, fields, wood clearings, and dry places; very common.

A. acuminatus, Mx. (Rand)

Woods and clearings; common.

A. nemoralis, Ait.

Peat bogs and open swamps; common. Also summit of Green Mt. in boggy depressions (Rand.) $s$.

Var. Blakei, Porter.

Stems 1°-2½° high, simple, or often branched, inclined to be flexuous; leaves not crowded as in the type, 2½'-3' long, ½'-3½' broad, lanceolate, coarsely toothed or entire, margins not revolute, thinnish; heads few or several, sometimes solitary, showy; rays lilac-purple. — Intermediate between A. nemoralis and A. acuminatus, to both of which some of its forms make a near approach. North border of Somes Pond (Rand).

ERIGERON, L. FLEABANE.

E. Canadensis, L. HORSEWEED. BUTTERWEED.

A common weed by roadsides and in waste places, becoming yearly more abundant everywhere on the Island.

E. strigosus, Muhl. SMALLER DAISY FLEABANE.

Fields and waysides; common. Rays sometimes more or less deeply tinged with violet.
A. angustius, Ca*

A. subulatus, B.

E. philadelphicus, B. P. Porc. Q, Sr(R) St, Mel. Bic.
R. Carl. Trac. Mit. L+ C+, BR. Pece. BK. Var. 9c
RS 17

E. hyssopus folius, Sr(R) Res+ L+ C+ BR. DF. Pece. BK.
RS 17

E. actin. Cape. Mos. (m) B+ C+ Pece. BR. T
- A. neglecta K.
- A. macrospadix GR + Bic + K + Carl + Rend.
- A. perfoliata GR +

Anaph. occidentalis GR (K) K + Rend, SC WR RSA

- S. Norvegicum, McAlister (m).

- Rend, F. BR, Bic + K.

- Bnula Helminium Q. K. Carl. + K.

a. trifida Q.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

ANTENNARIA, Gærtn. Everlasting.

A. plantaginifolia (L.), Hook. Mouse-ears. Ladies' Tobacco.
Dry soil; common.

ANAPHALIS, DC. Pearly Everlasting.

Dry soil, clearings, etc.; common.

GNAPHALIUM, L. Cudweed.

G. polycephalum, Mx. Sweet Everlasting.
Dry fields; common. Very sweet-scented.

G. decurrens, Ives.
Fields, in sandy soil; infrequent. Sawyer Cove; Southwest Harbor; Seal Harbor (Rand); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

G. uliginosum, L. Low Cudweed.
Roadsides; common in damp soil. Also Green Mt. (Redfield).

AMBROSIA, L. Ragweed.

A. artemisiæfolia, L. Ragweed.
A common weed in waste places. Many people suppose its pollen an effective cause of hay fever, and find relief on the Island owing to the supposed absence of this plant. This relief however, it seems, must be attributed to some other cause, as the plant in question grows everywhere,— even on the Cranberry Isles,— in more or less abundance, and is spreading with the increasing settlement of the Island.

RUDBECKIA, L. Cone Flower.

Naturalized in grass fields from the West. Very common about Somesville and Bar Harbor, and more or less abundant all over the Island. A fastigiate form, Seal Harbor (Redfield).
HELIANTHUS, L.  Sunflower.

H. annuus, L.  Common Sunflower.
Waste places, Fernald Point; Bar Harbor (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield).  Escaped from cultivation.

BIDENS, L.  Bur-Marigold.

B. frondosa, L.  Beggar Ticks. Devil's Pitchfork.
Low grounds, wet places, and damp roadsides; common, and spreading.

Wet places; frequent. Sawyer Cove; Mill Cove; Norwood Cove; Valley Cove; northern foot of Beech Hill; Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand); — Somesville (R. & R.); — Great Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

ANTHEMIS, L.  Chamomile.

A. Cotula, L.  Maruta Cotula (L.), DC.  Mayweed.
Common by roadsides and in waste places. Naturalized from Europe.

ACHILLEA, L.  Yarrow.

A. Millefolium, L.  Common Yarrow.
Dry soil; common in settlements, and often remote from dwellings. Naturalized from Europe, but also indigenous.

Forma rosea.
Ray flowers rose to deep rose-red in color. Frequent. Northeast Harbor: Fernald Point road; southern foot of Western Mt.; Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand); — Somesville (R. & R.).

A. Ptarmica, L.  Sneezewort.
Doubtless an escape, although established for years by roadside spring, far from dwellings, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe or farther north.
H. tuberosus. W.

B. hypureoue. BR⁺ BR⁺ da R. YR

B. tripalita Price⁺

Matricaria discoides. C. Stz. W.


BR. YR.

A. canulosa. P. Carl⁺

a. 

S⁺ YR⁺

A. ma. -
C. Laccanthesium, VC+ Mer, VP Rauk. et, Carl+ BR.
Peel+ VC

C. Parthenium, X: 4k+

30°°° A. canadensis P° Com (m) Piet+ Carl. Peel+°

A. bacc cris. C. of most Buns. can breathing (m).
A. beemis P° W. MR.
A. canad. 30°. Kranckfelder, inta-

Fusila. Q° gof. S° 19. Jne 27. 4k+

S. sylvestris. C. St J. S. X. 9k+

S. viscosus. X. Met. 4k.

S. Balcansias. 2° K° (R) Rauk. Kc+ BR+ Peel+ BK.

S. Robinsii. C. Stq.

S. Jacobae. London. 8. 4k+

S. discidens. R. stea. Bon (m) Bic+ Carl.

S. Valeros-Arnia. Way above. m. mast (m). F+ T
CHRYSANTHEMUM, L. Ox-eye Daisy.


TANACETUM, L. Tansy.


Near old dwellings, and by waysides; frequent. Jordan Pond; Beech Hill; “Sound”; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Rand); — Bass Harbor Head; Somesville (R. & R.); — mouth of Duck Brook (R. H. Day). Naturalized from Europe.

ARTEMISIA, L. Wormwood.

A. vulgaris, L. Mugwort.

Occasional in waste places. West side of Southwest Harbor; Hulls Cove (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

A. Stelleriana, Besser. False Dusty Miller.


PETASITES, Gærtn. Sweet Coltsfoot.

P. palmata (Ait.), Gray.


SENECIO, L. Groundsel.

S. vulgaris, L. Common Groundsel.

Waste grounds and sea beaches; frequent, especially near the seashore and on the islands. Also, Green Mt. (Annie S. Downs). On Flying Mt. is found a low, slender form with aromatic foliage (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

S. aureus, L. Golden Ragwort.

Rare. Meadow, High Head (Rand).
ERECHTITES, Raf. Fireweed.

E. hieracifolia (L.), Raf.
Wood clearings, especially in recently burned ground; common.

ARCTIUM, L. Burdock.

A. Lappa, L. Naturalized from Europe.
Common in waste places, especially about old dwellings.

CNICUS, L. Thistle.

C. lanceolatus (L.), Hoffm. Common Thistle.
Pastures, fields and roadsides; common. Naturalized from Europe.

C. arvensis (L.), Hoffm. Canada Thistle.
Pastures, fields, and roadsides; too common. Naturalized from Europe.

Forma albiflorus.
Flowers pure white. Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Wm. C. Lane).

CENTAUREA, L. Star Thistle.

C. Cyanus, L. Bluebottle. Bachelor’s Button.
Occasionally escaped from cultivation to roadsides and waste places, Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand, Annie S. Downs).

ARNOSERIS, Gærtn. Lamb’s Succory.

A small, annual, scapigerous herb; juice milky; leaves all radical; heads few, small; peduncles clavate, fistular; involucral bracts in one series, many, after flowering arching over the fruit; receptacle flat, naked, pitted; corollas all ligulate, yellow; anther cells not tailed; upper part of style and its short obtuse arms hairy; fruit obpyramidal, furrowed and ribbed, not beaked, crowned by a coriaceous angular ring.
A. gaspensis. Capt. Trouelle
A. chioseoptera. ER. BR. Pec.

C. muticus. C. at LSRR. P.P. ER. Lut. 8 9c RBA - T

Specimens from Shickshock River (m). C. Car. 8c. 9c. 8c.
C. muticus - monticola - m.f.

C. Scalina. Car.
C. nigra. Abund. near Trouelle. Q. S. (Spanish Buttons)
C. nigra radiata. VH.
Laportana communis &.
Tragopogon pratensis. B. IV commoner than secund.

314 C. race.
314a var. pratensis. Everywhere. St. G. P. P. P. BR. GR. FR. YK.

315 Cyristaff locally.
315a H. florebrunnea. C. 1901 3 ft. accession in 1903 area solidly covered 3-4 many feet high for miles! St. J. B. abounds from Metapedia.

H. pratensis, N. Car. XE BR. AE

H. vulgaris. Most abundant, ps. of gravelly banks. Q.

A. K. Rosel to mature (m). P. Bro. XE RQ.

A. aculeatum. Com. on grassy fields (m).

A. praealtum. XE.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

A. FUSILLA, Gaertn.

Glabrous or slightly hairy; heads campanulate, 4" long, inclined in bud; involucral bracts herbaceous, puberulous, linear-lanceolate, tips contracted, obtuse; fruit pale brown, rugose between the ribs; scapes 4'-12' high, many, slender, rigid, sparingly branched above; leaves 2'-4' long, narrow, obovate-spatulate or lanceolate, toothed. Hooker, Fl. Brit. Isles, 229. Rare. Field, Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald). Fugitive from Europe.

C. INTYBUS, L. Chicory.

Rare. Formerly in some abundance by roadside, Clark Point, Southwest Harbor (John L. Wakefield, Rand). About 1887 the plant was apparently exterminated in this station. It still persists, however, in another locality on the Point, although in no abundance. Adventive from Europe.

L. AUTUMNALIS, L. Fall Dandelion.

Fields and roadsides; very common. A form with much aborted ray flowers, Emery District; Southwest Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

H. AURANTIACUM, L. Flaming Hawkweed.

Fields and meadows; becoming frequent. Beech Hill (R. & R.);—High Head meadow (Rand);—near Ship Harbor (Faxon & Redfield);—near Otter Creek (Theodore G. White). Naturalized from Europe.

H. CANADENSE, Mx. Great Hawkweed.

Woods and roadsides; frequent.
H. scabrum, Mx. Rough Hawkweed.
Woods and roadsides; common.

P. serpentina, Pursh. Nabalus Fraseri, DC.
Dry soil; common.

Var. nana (DC.), Gray. Nabalus nanus, DC.
Common on mountain summits and rocky places. Green Mt. (Wm. C. Lane); — Sargent Mt.; Pemetic Mt.; Jordan Mt.; Beech Cliff; Sutton Island, etc. (Rand).

P. altissima, L. Wood Rattlesnake-root.
Rich damp woods; frequent. A form with dark purple hispidulous stems, Southwest Valley road (Rand).

Taraxacum, Haller. Dandelion.
Becoming common; roadsides and waste places, — sometimes even in woods. Naturalized from Europe.

Lactuca, L. Lettuce.
L. sativa, L. Garden Lettuce.
Persistent for years in waste ground, Fernald Point (Rand). Escaped from cultivation.

L. Canadensis, L. Wild Lettuce.
Roadside and clearings; frequent.

L. integrifolia, Bigel.
Dry soil; infrequent. Northeast Harbor (John L. Wakefield, Rand); — Somesville; Frenchman Camp (Redfield).

L. leucophaea (Willd.), Gray. Blue Lettuce.
Low grounds, roadsides, and waste places; common.
P. racemosa, R. du L. Month of Restigouche off. Campbellton (N). Rest. 4R. 1. BR.

P. altiss. var. hieripila 4r+ Matane 9C

322 var. palustre C. B. PS. ER (R). 4k+
322' erythrocephalum C.

P. acumin. Mt. Albert (M).

T. ceratophorum ER+ LE+ BR+ Peace 7C+ RH.

L. Hiroutsa K. 780 1934
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

SONCHUS, L. Sow Thistle.

S. OLERACEUS, L. Common Sow Thistle.

Waste places; rare. Sawyer Cove; Fernald Point (Rand); — High Head (Annie S. Downs); — Clement farm, Seal Harbor (Redfield). Naturalized from Europe.

S. ASPER, Vill. Spiny Sow Thistle.

Waste places; very common. Naturalized from Europe.

LOBELIAE. Lobelia Family.

LOBELIA, L.

L. Cardinalis, L. Cardinal Flower.

Rare and local. Borders of streams, Somesville and vicinity (Rand and others); — also on brook flowing into Seal Cove Pond (Annie S. Downs).

L. spicata, Lam.

Grassy places; frequent. Somesville; Wasgatt Cove (John L. Wakefield); — fields above Long Pond (Redfield); — Seal Harbor (Sara E. Boggs); — Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor (Rand); — "Mt. Desert" (F. M. Day).

L. inflata, L. Indian Tobacco.

Dry fields and roadsides; common. Flowers pale blue, violet, or whitish.

L. Dortmanna, L. Water Lobelia.

Common on borders of ponds and often of meadow streams. Usually in shallow water; sometimes immersed.

CAMPANULACEÆ. Campanula Family.

SPECULARIA, Heist. Venus's Looking-glass.

S. perfoliata (L.), A. DC.

Rare. Dry pasture on road to Mason Point, Somesville (R. & R.). Possibly introduced.
CAMPANULA, L. Bellflower.

**C. rapunculoides**, L.

Occasionally by roadsides, etc.; escaped from cultivation. Oak Hill (Redfield, Annie S. Downs); — High Head; Somesville (Rand). Adventive from Europe.


Cliffs on seashore, and frequently on the mountains; common. Flowers white. Ovens (Annie S. Downs); — Otter Cliffs (Annie S. Downs, Rand).

ERICACEÆ. Heath Family.

GAYLUSSACIA, HBK. Huckleberry.

**G. dumosa** (Andr.), T. & G. Bog Huckleberry.

Frequent in sphagnum bogs. Bog near Somesville (William H. Dunbar); — Somes Pond; Sunken Heath; The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle; Great Heath (Rand).

**G. resinosa** (Ait.), T. & G. Common Huckleberry.

Dry or wet ground; common.

VACCINIUM, L. Blueberry. Cranberry.

**V. Pennsylvanicum**, Lam. Dwarf Blueberry.

Very common everywhere in dry soil; abundant on the hills and mountains. Variable. A form with Bluish-red and white fruit, Jordan Mt. (Raud). A well marked form with dark blue-green leaves, reddish shoots, and dark blue fruit with little or no bloom, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

**V. Canadense**, Kalm. Canada Blueberry.

Common in woods or moist ground. Fruit ripening later than that of the preceding species, and more acid.
C. Trachelium

C. Schucherti, M. Albert (m).

C. glomerata Rich. T. Peter Pisecky

339 C, 339 var. augustifolium, C. very local, M. Albert (m).

Ves. migron, K.
V. religiosum  Stichshoek Mt.  Kommer Dr. Pauw (M)

V. cauliflorum  Mt. Albert (M)  (M)

V. ovalifolium  Mt. Albert (M)

V. ex. intermedium  DR+ BR

A. alpina  Mt. Albert (M)
V. *corymbosum*, L. **High-bush Blueberry.**

Swamps and low thickets; frequent. Somesville and vicinity (R. & R.); — Witch Hole (Rand); — Hulls Cove (F. M. Day, J. H. Curtis).

Var. *amoenum* (Ait.), Gray.

Somesville (Redfield, M. L. Fernald); — Breakneck Ponds (Rand).

This species and variety seem to be rare except in the central and northern parts of the Island.

V. *Vitis-Idaea*, L. **Mountain Cranberry.**

Common everywhere, shore and mountains, and on the islands. Fruit much used for sauce, largely taking the place of *V. macrocarpon* for this purpose.

V. *Oxyccocus*, L. **Small Cranberry.**

Common in sphagnum bogs, and in wet places on mountains and shore. Also on Cranberry Isles.

V. *macrocarpon*, Ait. **Large Cranberry.**

Bogs; common, but rarely in great abundance. Also on Cranberry Isles, whence their name.

CHIOGENES, Salisb. **Creeping Snowberry.**

C. *serpyllifolia*, Salisb. C. *hispidula* (L.), T. & G. C. S. S. 46²

Deep mossy woods; common.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS, Adans. **Bearberry.**

A. *Uva-ursi* (L.), Spreng. **Common Bearberry.**

Open, rocky places; infrequent and local. Browns Mt. (William C. Lane); — Beech Cliff; Dog Mt. (Rand); — Barr Hill; Newport Mt. (Redfield); — “Somes Sound, Southwest Harbor” (Elizabeth G. Britton); — Robinson Mt. (Anna H. Bee); — near Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.

EPIGAEA, L. TRAILING ARBUTUS.

E. repens, L. Mayflower. Trailing Arbutus.
Frequent in woodlands, but seldom very abundant.

Gaultheria, L. Aromatic Wintergreen.

G. procumbens, L. Creeping Wintergreen. Checkerberry.
Common everywhere in woods, shady places, and clearings.

Andromeda, L.

A. polifolia, L. Glaucaphylla. 
Bogs; infrequent. Swampy roadside, south of Salisbury Cove; Hadlock Upper Pond; Sunken Heath (Rand); — Pond Heath (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); — Great Heath (Redfield).

Cassandra, Don. Leather Leaf.

C. calyculata (L.), Don.
Bogs and marshy borders of ponds; common.

Kalmia, L. American Laurel.

Hillsides, pastures, and thickets in dry or damp ground; common. Also abundant on the mountains.

K. glauca, Ait. Pale Laurel.
Sphagnum bogs; frequent. Pond Heath (Greenleaf & Rand, E. Faxon); — Freeman Heath (Faxon & Rand); — Sea Wall Swamp; Sunken Heath; Great Heath (Rand); — bog by roadside west of Sea Wall; The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

Rhododendron, L. Rose-bay. Azalea.

R. Rhodora, Don. Rhodora Canadensis, L. Rhodora.
Common in damp thickets and swamps, and in wet or even in dry places on the mountains. Very variable in color of flowers. Sometimes three to five feet high.
Cassipa hypnoides  Mt. Albert (m).

Loisearia procumbens  Mt. Albert (m).

Phylloptoe excrula  Mt. Albert (m).

K. japonicum  Mt. Albert (m).
L. palustre, var. dilatatum. Matane to St. Blaude Ca.

Matane

F. minor. Rau L². EM. Bic. 40. 40² Bic. 40². 40².
matine 3 R² 40² 40².
Forma albiflora.
Flowers pure white. Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs).

LEDUM, L. LABRADOR TEA.

L. latifolium, Ait.
Common in bogs, and often in dry ground. Not very abundant in the southern part of the Island, but common on the Cranberry Isles.

CLETHRA, L. WHITE ALDER.

C. alnifolia, L. SWEET PEPPERSHURF. WHITE ALDER.
Rare. Wet ground near Hadlock Upper Pond (Annie S. Downs). Reported to grow also in meadow on Denning Brook, and on Great Cranberry Isle.

CHIMAPHILA, Pursh. WINTERGREEN.

C. umbellata (L.), Nutt. Prince's Pine. Pipsissewa. WINTERGREEN.

MONESES, Salisb. ONE-FLOWERED PYROLA.

M. grandiflora, Salisb. M. unijflora (L.), Gray.
Deep mossy woods all over the Island; frequent. Also on the Cranberry Isles (Redfield).

PYROLA, L. SHINLEAF.

P. secunda, L. ONE-SIDED PYROLA.
Rich woods; frequent.

P. chlorantha, Swz.
Deep woods; infrequent. Little Harbor Brook Notch; Cold Brook (Rand); — Bar Island, Bar Harbor (F. M. Day); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — near Beech Hill (Arnold Greene).
P. elliptica, Nutt. (P. americana, Sweet.
Common in woodlands.

P. roundifolia, L. Round-leafed Pyrola.
Occasional in dry woods. Great Pond; Salisbury Cove (Henry C. Jones); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Cold Brook (Rand).

MONOTROPA, L. Indian Pipe. Pinesap.

M. uniflora, L. Indian Pipe.
Damp woods; not uncommon.

M. Hypopitys, L. Pinesap.
Dry woods; infrequent. Hadlock Upper Pond; eastern side of Browns Mt. (William H. Dunbar); — Cold Brook (Rand); — Green Mt. Gorge (F. M. Day); — Western Mt. (Annie M. Rand); — Northwest Arm woods (R. & R.).

PLUMBAGINACEÆ. Leadwort Family.

STATICE, L. Marsh Rosemary.

S. Limonium, L., var. Caroliniana, Gray. Sea Lavender.
Muddy beaches and salt marshes; frequent. Somes Harbor, and shores at head of Somes Sound (Henry C. Jones, R. & R.); — near Ovens; Bass Harbor; High Head, and northern shores of the Island (Rand); — Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

PRIMULACEÆ. Primrose Family.

TRIENTALIS, L. Star-flower.

Low woods; common.

LYSIMACHIA, L. Loosestrife.

L. quadrifolia, L. Whorled Loosestrife.
Open woods, hills, and roadsides; common.
Passanifolia, 

P. Passifolia incana, A. C. Red. A. R. + P. 

Diplopenia cupanica, Al. etc. Table Top (m). 

Armeria arsijus, Al. etc. (m). 

P. canina, Red. etc. very abnormal, Cape Fowis. M. etc. 

L. vulgari. Red. etc.
Elaphurus major. C. B.

Styronema ciliata. Q.

F. peregrina. Q.

- A. medium. Rest+ 4e+ RSA.

- A. cannubianum Q. GR. Rest GR. & Dr. 9e
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

L. stricta, Ait. Swamp Loosestrife.
Wet ground and swamps; common.

Var. ovata.
Stems at length much branched above, the branches often equalling or exceeding the inflorescence; leaves ovate to ovate-lanceolate, narrowing less abruptly at the base, shorter-petioled, veins apparent; raceme short and few-flowered. Wet ground, Somesville (Redfield).

L. thyrsiflora, L. Tufted Loosestrife.
Rare. Intervale Brook, near Hulls Cove (F. M. Day); — bog, northern foot of Beech Hill (Rand).

GLAUX, L. Sea Milkwort.

G. maritima, L. var. obtusifolia. Salt marshes and muddy beaches; frequent.

OLEACEÆ. Olive Family.

F. Americana, L. White Ash.
Moist woods; common.

F. sambucifolia, Lam. Black Ash.
Swamps and damp woods; frequent.

SYRINGA, L. Lilac.

S. vulgaris, L. Common Lilac.
Occasionally escaped to roadsides near dwellings (R. & R.). Adventive from Eastern Europe or Asia.

APOCYNACEÆ. Dogbane Family.

APOCYNUM, L. Dogbane.

A. androsæmifolium, L. Spreading Dogbane.
Roadsides and thickets; infrequent. Otter Creek (William H. Dunbar); — Northeast Harbor, and elsewhere (Rand); — Rand.
GENTIANACEÆ. Gentian Family.

BARTONIA, Muhl.

B. tenella, Muhl.
Rare. Damp hollows, summit of Green Mt. (Rand, William C. Lane).

MENYANTHES, L. Buckbean.

M. trifoliata, L. Red. Bar. Sc T
Bogs; rare. Northeast Harbor (John L. Wakefield); — Somes Pond (Rand); — Great Duck Island (Redfield); — Mt. Desert (F. L. Temple).

LIMNANTHEMUM, Gmel. Floating Heart.

L. lacunosum (Vent.), Griseb.
Frequent in ponds. Hadlock Lower Pond (William H. Dunbar); — Witch Hole (Rand, F. M. Day, Redfield); — Ripples Pond; Great Pond; Denning Pond (Rand); — Eagle Lake; Mountain Pond; Newport Pond (Redfield).

BORRAGINACEÆ. Borage Family.

MERTENSIA, Roth. Lungwort.

M. maritima (L.), Don. Sea Lungwort. R. Blane T

LYCOPSIS, L. Bugloss.

Naturalized for years at Fernald Point (William H. Dunbar, Rand); — also in waste ground, Somesville (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.
Asclepias Syriaca, Q, S,

Pleurozyne nutalis: Red. L & Ca (m), 4H+ DnR + Stach.

Gentiana squarrosa, P+ IC, Ph. V, Ca, Pers. T
Cae. Roe. & St. Adern (m), Red L (n), Bié+ 4H+ 8+ 11
Sta.

Helleborus niger, Ph. V, Red L, Br(R), Met. (but), (m).
Comb. 1, com. const (m), Met. S. Cal. D. X. C. BR, Persi Da T.
K 1st, Ml, R8- 1T

Polanconium aureum GB (RSP)

Gilia linearis P, Cel+, Ml, Br,

Cynoglossum officinale, Q, Ml
C. rosseae, Enci. Barn (m), Lc
Myosotis palustris, Rothsay, Dalhousie (m).

M. tenax, (m), B. P. BR, Red L, C. natans (m), Bié. GB. SF.

M. arvensis, Q, X, GB.

M. sylvatica, GB (R), CE
Lithospermum offic. Q, Bié. Red X.

Symphytum — B. Bié
S. asperinum, Qaband.

Echinopspermum Lappula, B. Red L, X, X, Met. Calé, Ml, T
E. reflexum, Campbell, Chini. Trac Ml (1850-1900) Red + Ml
Echium vulgare. AS R8 RA.
C. amensis, D. UK.

*Brassica* var. repens, BR, SP, Bie+Carl.

Hyoscyamus niger, MC, BR, Carl+UK.

Physalis grandiflora, Bie+
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS

CONVOLVULACEÆ. Convovulus Family.

CONVOLVULUS, L. Bindweed.


Sea beaches; common.

CUSCUTA, L. Dodder.

C. Gronovii, Willd.

Infrequent; mostly on the coast. Growing on various plants, especially Aster, Solidago, and Ligusticum. Baker Island (Henry C. Jones, Redfield); — Southwest Harbor; Somesville; Sea Wall, etc. (Rand).

SOLANACEÆ. Nightshade Family.

SOLANUM, L. Nightshade.

S. Dulcamara, L. Bittersweet.

Near dwellings and in low grounds. Hulls Cove; Breakneck Road (F. M. Day); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). Adventive from Europe.

S. nigrum, L. Common Nightshade.

Frequent on sea beaches, seldom elsewhere. Cranberry Isles (John L. Wakefield, R. & R.); — Greening Island; Mill Cove; Bar Harbor; Sea Wall, etc. (Rand). Probably not indigenous within our limits.

NICANDRA, Adans. Apple of Peru.

N. Physaloides (L.), Gærtn.


SCROPHULARIACEÆ. Figwort Family.

VERBASCUM, L. Mullein.

V. Thapsus, L. Common Mullein.

Fields, pastures, and roadsides; frequent. Naturalized from Europe.
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.

LINARIA, Juss. Toad Flax.

L. Canadensis (L.), Dumont. Wild Toad Flax.

Frequent in dry soil. An exceedingly depauperate form in gravelly hollows among rocks, especially on the mountains. Browns Mt.; Flying Mt., etc. (Rand); — shore, Northeast Harbor (B. E. J. Gresham); — Baker Island (Redfield).


Roadsides; infrequent. Southwest Harbor; Town Hill; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Baker Island (Redfield).

CHELONE, L. Snake-head. Turtle-head.

C. glabra, L.

Wet places, along brooks and rills; frequent. I. riparia, Raf. I. gratioloides (L.), Benth. False Pimpernel.

Rare. Muddy border of Somes Stream (R. & R.); — shore of little mill-pond, Somesville (Rand).

VERONICA, L. Speedwell.

V. scutellata, L. Marsh Speedwell.

Boggy ground; infrequent. Northeast Harbor (William H. Dunbar); — Ripples Pond; High Head meadow; bog near Sea Wall (Rand); — “Mt. Desert” (F. M. Day).

V. officinalis, L. Common Speedwell.

Dry ground; rare and local. Roadsides and fields, Salisbury Cove (Faxon, R. & R.); — “Norway Drive,” south of Salisbury Cove (Rand, Mary Minot). Apparently confined to the neighborhood of Salisbury Cove, and appearing both introduced and indigenous.

V. serpyllifolia, L. Thyme-leaved Speedwell.

Fields, clearings, and roadsides; common. Apparently both introduced and indigenous.
Castilla pallida. Metapedia. BR(R). Infest. (x).

Rest. BR. Perce & R. X.

Fonitis rubra, Str. IV.

Viron agristicis, R.

E. american. C. Sax. B. & Cie. S. BR & R. Cal & 9R & mL.

E. american var. canadensis, Brune. Riu X. FR.


E. 2 - Mt. Ste. Anne.
**V. peregrina, L.** Purslane Speedwell.

Dry places; frequent. Flying Mt. (Henry C. Jones); — Norwood Cove, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle; Great Duck Island (Redfield); — Somesville (M. L. Fernald); — mouth of Denning Brook (R. & R.). All plants small and dwarfed, hardly branched, very unlike the common garden form of this weed.

**V. arvensis, L.** Corn Speedwell.

Dry places; infrequent. High Head; Flying Mt. (Rand); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield); — mouth of Denning Brook (R. & R.); — Bar Harbor (Dr. H. C. Chapman). Appearing indigenous here, but said to be naturalized from Europe.

**V. Buxbaumii, Ten.**


**Euphrasia, L.** Eyebright.

**E. officinalis, L.**

Dry ground; common in the southern part of the Island, and on the neighboring islands. Also Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). If introduced, of very early introduction, but probably indigenous. Very variable. A form from Sea Wall (Rand), having extremely small flowers with corolla scarcely spreading, and leaves less toothed and cut and more crenate, corresponds fairly well to the description of var. Tatarica, Benth., but does not agree with herbarium specimens. It appears to be intermediate between E. curta, Fries, and E. gracilis, Fries. The species, however, is so variable, and has been so subdivided, that it is impossible to name with any certainty its subspecies and varieties without a careful study of the type specimens.

**Rhinanthus, L.** Yellow Rattle.

**R. Crista-galli, L.**

Common in fields and on roadsides. If introduced, of very early introduction.
PEDICULARIS, L. Lousewort.

P. Canadensis, L. Common Lousewort.
Fields; common in centre, west, and north of the Island; rare elsewhere, e. g. Beech Hill (R. & R.); — Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor (Rand).

MELAMPYRUM, L. Cow Wheat.

M. Americanum, Mx. —
Frequent in dry, open woods.

OROBANCHACEÆ. Broom-rape Family.

EPIHEGUS, Nutt. Beechdrops.

E. Virginiana (L.), Bart.
Under beech trees; rare. Northern end of Jordan Pond (Redfield); — Clark Valley (Rand).

APHYLLON, Mitchell. Naked Broom-rape.

A. uniflorum (L.), Gray. One-flowered Broom-rape.
Low ground, woods and copses; rare. Near Little Harbor; head of The Barcelona meadow (Rand).

LENTIBULARIACEÆ. Bladderwort Family.

UTRICULARIA, L. Bladderwort.

U. inflata, Walt. Floating Bladderwort.
Rare. Witch Hole (Rand, F. M. Day, Redfield).

U. clandestina, Nutt.
Rare. Mountain Pond (Rand); — pools, west side of Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

U. vulgaris, L. Greater Bladderwort.
Marshy ponds, pools, and slow streams; common.
P. palustris Ca⁺⁺ 
S. a. dem. (m) matante

m - Redu²⁺
M - FP⁺
U. minor C.K.

Pinguicula vulgaris. BK+ BK (L), Cape town 8 May 69 (M).

Verbena anticafolis, Q.
U. gibba, L.

Pond shores; rare. Breakneck Ponds (F. M. Day);—Somes Pond (Rand). A form from mud flats, Somes Pond (Rand), closely approaches U. biflora, Lam., and may perhaps prove to be that species. "The flower has the spurs of U. biflora very decidedly, but the foliage and the bladders are those of U. gibba. The spur here is oblong, narrow, not curved but projecting straightwise, and the perianth is somewhat larger than is generally the case in U. gibba. Other specimens with foliage and bladders better represented might show this to be U. biflora, but at present it is safer to call it 'U. gibba verging towards U. biflora in flowers.'" Dr. Thomas Morong in litt.

U. intermedia, Hayne.

Bogs and streams; common. Usually sterile; but in flower, Breakneck Ponds (R. & R., E. Faxon).

U. purpurea, Walt. LARGE PURPLE BLADDERWORT.


U. resupinata, B. D. Greene. SMALL PURPLE BLADDERWORT.


U. cornuta, Mx. LONG-SURRED BLADDERWORT.

Very common on pond shores, in marshes, and sphagnum bogs.

LABIATÆ. MINT FAMILY.

TEUCRIUM, L. GERMANDER.

T. Canadense, L. AMERICAN GERMANDER. WOOD SAGE.

Infrequent on banks and in low ground by the shore, at the head of sea beaches. Long Pond (William L. Worcester);—Duck Cove (Rand);—Scal Harbor (Redfield);—Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs);—Otter Creek (R. & R.).
MENTHA, L. MINT.

M. viridis, L. Spearmint.

Rare. Runlet and roadside ditch, Seal Harbor (Redfield); head of Ripples Pond (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

M. sativa, L. Whorled Mint. (Carviaca) Cape Ptn.

Brooksides; rare. Northeast Harbor; near Carter Nubble (Rand); — Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald). Naturalized from Europe.

M. arvensis, L. Corn Mint.

Roadside ditches and moist ground; infrequent, but not rare about Southwest Harbor. Also Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.); — field above Long Pond (Rand). Naturalized from Europe. A tall form with thinner, more sharply serrate leaves, wet roadside by Juniper Cove; brooksides, Norwood Cove (Rand).

M. Canadensis, L. Wild Mint.

Wet places and shady banks; frequent. Also Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield). Form. Close. A. S. 1.

LYCOPUS, L. Water Horehound.

L. Virginicus, L. Bugleweed.

Common in low ground, and often becoming a weed in cultivated grounds. Small, depauperate forms are frequent.


Common in wet places.

THYMUS, L. Thyme.

T. Serpyllum, L. Creeping Thyme.

Well established in a field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Adventive from Europe.

SATU'REIA, L. Savory.

S. hortensis, L. Summer Savory.

Escaped from cultivation; in field and waste ground, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

Saturnia Chimædærum. Pæci s.ur[4+]e. 9c+
Pincello — Dante
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

HEDEOMA, Pers. AMERICAN PENNYROYAL.

H. pulegioides (L.), Pers. AMERICAN PENNYROYAL.

Common in dry soil.

N. CATA RIA, L. CATNIP.

N. Cataria, L. CATNIP.

Rare. Roadside near O'Connor Cove; Thompson Island (Annie S. Downs); waste ground near dwellings, Fernald Point; Sutton Island (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

N. Glechoma, Benth. GROUND IVY. GILL-OVER-THE-GROUND.

Door yards and waste grounds; infrequent. Somesville; Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

SCUTELLARIA, L. SKULLCAP.

S. lateriflora, L. MAD-DOG SKULLCAP. 

Wet shady places; infrequent. Marsh, Valley Cove; head of Northeast Creek; High Head meadow (Rand); Somesville (Annie S. Downs, Rand); "Mt. Desert" (F. M. Day); Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).

S. galericulata, L. COMMON SKULLCAP.

Common on sea beaches and banks by the shore; more rarely on pond shores. Forma rosea.

Flowers rose-color. Beach, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

BRUNELLA, L. SELF-HEAL.

B. vulgaris, L. COMMON SELF-HEAL.

Woods, fields, and roadsides; common. Forma albiflora.

Flowers pure white. Meadows above Long Pond (Redfield).
LEONURUS, L. MOTHERWORT.

L. Cardiaca, L. Common Motherwort.
Waste places and by dwellings; rare. Tarr Valley, near Fer-

nald Point (Annie S. Downs); — Oak Hill; Sargent Cove
(Rand). Adventive from Europe.

GALEOPSIS, L. HEMP NETTLE.

G. Tetrahit, L. Common Hemp Nettle.
A common weed in waste places and in cultivated grounds.
Said to be naturalized from Europe, but appearing indigenous,
at least in northern New England.

STACHYS, L. HEDGE NETTLE.

S. Arvensis, L. Woundwort.
Rare. Field, Bar Harbor (Mary Minot). Adventive from
Europe.

PLANTAGINACEÆ. PLANTAIN FAMILY.

PLANTAGO, L. PLANTAIN.

P. major, L. Common Plantain.
Fields and waysides; very common. Commonly naturalized
from Europe. This plant, however, is found all over the Island
in many places so remote from dwellings or cultivated grounds
as to lead to the inference that it may be also indigenous.
Thick-leaved saline forms are frequent on sea beaches. Little
Harbor; Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield); — Great Cranberry
Isle (Rand).

P. Lanceolata, L. RIBGRASS.
Waysides and grass lands; formerly rare, but of late years
becoming more common. Mill Cove; Little Harbor; Southwest
Harbor (Rand); — Bar Harbor (Rand, W. H. Manning).

P. decipiens, Barn. Sea Plantain.
Very common in salt marshes, on beaches, and among rocks
on the shore.
Linian samples: C.
- Linium album, Bré

Discord (various) $R^+ T$

B. palmetti, C. Spre, Q. S., Milford, N. H., 4K +

S. — 4K +

Dr. D. R. Mgd., T

P. eriapota, Kaninaoka, Rock Dam, Gland, mass, Wahu Chok, 4K +, 4K +, 4K +

P. majoraciotes, R+ 8K +, 8K +, 4K + Rda.

431a P. Ernesto P.

Rare. Field, Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs); — Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning). Adventive from the West.

**AMARANTACEAE. Amaranth Family.**

**AMARANTUS**, L. *Amaranth.*

**A. retroflexus**, L. *Amaranth Pigweed.*

Roadsides and cultivated grounds; becoming frequent. Bar Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Somesville; Long Pond, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor, etc. (Redfield). Adventive from Tropical America.

**A. albus**, L. *Tumbleweed.*

Cultivated grounds; becoming frequent. Southwest Harbor; Long Pond; Seal Harbor, etc. (Rand); — field on Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald). Adventive from the South and West.

**CHENOPODIACEAE. Goosefoot Family.**

**SPINACIA**, L. *Spinach.*

Dioecious; flowers axillary, glomerate. Staminate flowers in racemose-paniculate clusters, calyx 4–5-parted, the lobes equal. Calyx of pistillate flowers ventricose-tubular, 2–3-toothed; ovary ovoid, styles 4, elongated, filiform, achene included in the tubgid indurated calyx, which is often 2–3-horned on the back; seed vertical and compressed; embryo annular, surrounding the farinaceous albumen. Darlington, Am. Weeds and Useful Plants (Rev. ed.), 274.

**S. glabra**, Mill.

Herbaceous, glabrous throughout; leaves sagittate, sometimes oblong-ovate, entire, acute, slender-petioled; flowers green; fruiting calyx solitary, rounded, without prickles, toothed at
the apex. [For a more detailed description, see DC. Prod., xiii. 2. 118.] Abundant in waste ground, Somesville (Rand). Adventive from Asia.

**CHENOPODIUM, L. Pigweed.**


**ATRIPLEX, L. Orach.**

*A. patulum, L., var. hastatum (L.), Gray.* D. Ykt. Cal. Ykt. Bic. Sea beaches, salt marshes, etc.; very common and variable. Both prostrate and erect forms are found.

Var. *littorale* (L.), Gray. Rare. Beach, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

**SALICORNIA, L. Samphire.**

*S. herbacea, L.* Salt meadows, and muddy shores on the coast; common.

**SUÆDA, Forskal. Sea Blite.**

*S. linearis* (Ell.), Moq. Common on sea beaches.

**SALSOLA, L. Saltwort.**

*S. Kali, L.* Sea beaches; frequent, especially on Cranberry Isles.

**POLYGONACEÆ. Buckwheat Family.**

**RUMEX, L. Dock. Sorrel.**

Chen. capitatum, Bic+ Cal+  
Chen. murale, Lfd+  
Chen. Vulvaria Lfd+  

Atr. Lfd+  
Atr. P. R.  


S. C.  
S.  
S. S. P.  

Oryxia dyspnia  Metcalfe (W)
P. occidentalis C. v. occurrence Ca. 3. Sp. A. Cal. BR + GR. DR.

P. erecta, f. silo, field, horn, Swj. - Colle Brook.
P. capellaphorme fr.

P. prairie, vegetum EB, E.
P. prairie, angustissimum fr.
P. prolificum, W.
P. mno. 7.

P. exsertum B.
R. Britannica, L. Great Water Dock.

Common in swamps and wet places back of sea beaches; less common in wet ground farther inland,—Long Pond meadows; Somesville (Redfield).


Sea beaches; frequent, especially on Cranberry Isles and western and northern shores of the Island. Also Northeast Harbor; Sea Wall (Rand);—Bar Harbor (W. H. Manning).

R. verticillatus, L. Swamp Dock.

Rare. Marsh on Northeast Creek; Norwood Cove (Rand).

R. crispus, L. Curled Dock.


R. obtusifolius, L. Bitter Dock.


R. Acetosella, L. Field Sorrel.

A very common weed in fields and waste places. Naturalized from Europe.

POLYGONUM, L. Knotweed.

P. aviculare, L. Doorweed.

A common weed about dwellings, by roadsides, etc. Variable; erect or prostrate.

P. Ralii, Bab.

Stems long, straggling, prostrate; leaves bending towards the stem, elliptic-lanceolate, flat; oochæae lanceolate, acute, with few distinct simple veins, at length torn; nut smooth, shining, exceeding the perianth. Resembling P. aviculare in habit, but P. maritimum in fruit. Filaments broader at the base. It varies with smaller leaves and flowers. Babington, Man. Brit. Bot. (4th ed.) 285. Common on sea beaches. This species has been often mistaken for P. maritimum, and so reported. So far as known, however, P. maritimum is not found within the

**P. lapathifolium**, L.

In cultivated grounds; rare. Southwest Harbor (Rand). Doubtless introduced.

**P. Hartwrightii**, Gray.

Rare. Bog, Southwest Harbor (Rand). *Bsc. 2, 4k*.

**P. Careyi**, Olney.

Rare. Wet ground on wood road, Town Hill (M. L. Fernald).

**P. Persicaria**, L. *Lady’s Thumb*.

Common in waste and damp places. Variable. Naturalized from Europe. *Bsc. BR. 2, 4k. 4sb. T. W. k."

**P. Hydropiper**, L. *Water Pepper*.

Common in wet places.

**P. sagittatum**, L. *Arrow-leaved Tear-thumb*.

Low grounds; common.

**P. Convolvulus**, L. *Black Bindweed*.

Waste grounds and beaches; common. Naturalized from Europe. *Cal. BR. 2, 4k. 4k. 4sb. T. W. k."

**P. cilinodes**, Mx.

Woods and copses, especially in clearings; common.

**FAGOPYRUM**, Gärtn. *Buckwheat*.


Waste ground, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

**EUPHORBIACEÆ. Spurge Family.**

**EUPHORBIA**, L. *Spurge*.

**E. Cypræiassias**, L. *Graveyard Flower*.

Escaped from cultivation to roadsides and waste places. Bar Harbor; Southwest Harbor; High Head (Rand); — Town Hill (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); — Somesville (R. & R.). Naturalized from Europe.
P. pennsylvanicum, E. X.
Rampbidium GR

Cereca, R. C. sp. inactivate, SF.

P. viviparum, PD. BR. GR (R) Cape Rosé, Isla Baja (m).
Bie (Bait) GR, XC BR. GR. Bie. MR. Nevaro

Shepherdia cana. NC. GR. Bie. Cal. XC. BR. Bie. MR. Nevaro

S. Talaricum, BR. BC. YK. MB.

Canandra lirida. NC. PD. BR. Cal. A. BR. SN. X. MR. Cal. A. BR. SN. X. MR.
Canandra Richardiana. GR. T. rad. Bie.

E. Heliascoria BR. YK. Cal. GR. Cal. MR. T
E. Periplan. YK.
E. heliascoria, GR.
E. heliascoria, GR.
Acarnum Canadense

Cannabis L. m. S. Bie. 

Cannabis sativa L. R. H. X.

U. dioica L. H. X.

Epipactis B. Mert. et. Curt. Gc

Inula cinerea R.
URTICACEÆ.  Nettle Family.

ULMUS, L.  Elm.

461  U. Americana, L.  American Elm.
Rare.  Fields and roadsides, Eden (Rand).  Introduced in other parts of the Island.  

URTICA, L.  Nettle.

462  U. gracilis, Ait.  
Frequent about and at the heads of sea beaches.  Sometimes in waste ground.  

463  * U. urens, L.
Rare.  Shore of Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).  Adventive from Europe.  

PARIETARIA, L.  Pellitory.

464  P. Pennsylvanica, Muhl.
Rare.  Shores of Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).  Doubtless naturalized from farther south.  

MYRICACEÆ.  Sweet Gale Family.

MYRICA, L.  Bayberry.

465  M. Gale, L.  Sweet Gale.  
Borders of ponds, streams, and wet meadows; common.  

466  M. cerifera, L.  Bayberry.
Rocks on coast; common.  Also Browns Mt.; Somesville; Mt. Desert Narrows, etc. (Rand).  

467  M. asplenifolia, L.  Comptonia asplenifolia (L.), Ait.  Sweet Fern.  
Dry hills, fields, and borders of woods; common.  

-- End of Page --
CUPULIFERÆ. Oak Family.

BETULA, L. Birch.

B. lenta, L. Black Birch. Sweet Birch.
Woods and copses; frequent.

B. Intea, Mx. f. Yellow Birch.
Common in woods.

Very common in poor soil.

Common in woods.

ALNUS, L. Alder.

A. viridis (Cham., DC). Green Alder.
Very common at all altitudes in dry soil.

A. incana (L.), Willd. Speckled Alder.
Common in low grounds.

CORYLUS, L. Hazel-nut.

Frequent in woods and clearings, and by roadsides. Northwest Cove; Emery District; Dog Mt.; Sargent Mt.; Aunt Molly's Beach; Somesville, etc. (Rand);—Echo Notch (R. & R.).

QUERCUS, L. Oak.

Q. rubra, L. Red Oak.
Frequent; widely distributed, but nowhere very abundant; rare in the south of the Island. Much dwarfed on the mountains. During the early history of the Island oaks were apparently abundant, although probably of this species only. At a very early day, however, the oak woods began to be felled for timber. At Somesville, it is said, there was an oak wood on the shores of Somes Harbor, which attracted the attention of
B. alba, var. minor, var. -


471b  B. pendula C.

B. pubescens - BR.
B. glandulosa, var. pendula, 2 forms, var. -
S. nigra, &

S. lucida, int. pl. pl. &

S. alba. vitellina. &

S. cincerea. &

S. viminale. P.D. & S. R. T
Abraham Somes, of Gloucester, Mass., when he chanced to sail up the Sound about 1760. He spent the summer in that vicinity making barrel staves, and then returned home with his cargo. The following year he returned to Somes Harbor for the same purpose, and finally, in 1762, built a house on the shore of the harbor near the present steamboat wharf, and began the permanent settlement of Mt. Desert Island.


Rare. Dog Mt. (Rand, Elizabeth G. Britton).

FAGUS, L. Beech.


Woods; common.

SALICACEÆ. Willow Family.

SALIX, L. Willow.

S. lucida, Muhl. Shining Willow.

Wet places and borders of brooks and ponds; frequent. Otter Creek Brook; Great Pond; Northwest Cove, etc. (Rand); — Bubble Pond; Jordan Pond; Long Pond meadows, etc. (Redfield).

*Forma latifolia.*

Leaves 1½ wide, rounded or subacute at base, cuspidate-acuminate. Swamp north of Beech Hill; Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Bubble Pond (R. & R.).

*Forma angustifolia.*

Leaves narrowly lanceolate, tapering to a long point. Long Pond meadows; Thompson Island, etc. (Rand).


Bog, Clark Point, Southwest Harbor; Somesville (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

S. fragilis x alba, Wimmer.

Aments leafy-peduncled, slender, loosely flowered; stamens 2, villous at base; scale yellowish, lingulate; capsule very short-pedicelled, conico-cylindrical; glabrous; style very short, stig-
mas spreading, recurved, 2-lobed; gland embracing the pedicel; leaves broadly lanceolate tapering to a prolonged slender point, glabrous and shining above, silvery-silky beneath when young. Wimmer, Salices Europææ, 133. Southwest Harbor (R. & R.).

All the common large willow trees of the Island probably belong either to S. fragilis or to this hybrid. Both were of early introduction, and have become spontaneous all over the Island. Forms of S. alba may also be looked for.

S. rostrata, Richardson. | S. livida, Wahl., var. occidentalis, C. A. Nuttgens.
Gray. M. A. Cal. (Nee) X C. A. Nuttgens, C. A. Nuttgens, M. A. Cal.

Very common in either wet or dry soil.

S. discolor, Muhl. | COMMON SWAMP WILLOW.

Very common in low grounds.

S. humilis X discolor, Bebb.

Leaves as broad and large as those of S. humilis, but duller green, softly tomentose beneath, and with shorter petioles; the aments thick as those of S. humilis, but usually recurved, and the capsules on shorter pedicels. Bebb, Gray Man., 6th ed., 483. Swamp, Southwest Harbor (Redfield).

S. humilis, Marsh. | LOW WILLOW. PUYSS WILLOW.

Common in dry or wet ground everywhere from sea level to mountain summits. Forms with large leaves may be described as follows:

Var. grandifolia, Anders. DC. Prod., xvi. 2. 236.

Leaves obovate-oblong 3'-4' long, 1½' broad above the middle, shining above. Appearing in the following forms:

Forma obtusifolia.

Leaves very short-pointed; either smooth and glaucous, or slightly tomentose beneath. Near Great Pond (R. & R.); — Sutton Island (Rand).

Forma acuminata.

Leaves more attenuate-pointed; glaucous and tomentose beneath, generally becoming smooth. Seal Harbor (Redfield); — wood road to Denning Pond (Rand).
S. antherum mta+
S. arctica mta
S. auct. u. ? mta
S. argyrocarpa Table Top (Allen) mta+

S. desertorum, Mt. Albert (m)
S. desert. stricta, mta+
S. chlorolepis mta+
S. plana A. mta+

S. aliciocata Mt. Albert (m)
S. erecta Table Top (Allen) Peak+
S. physlica folia mta.
S. monticola? BR

S. candida, BR<sup>+</sup> GR<sup>-</sup> OR<sup>-</sup> R.A. T, Blanche Seal

S. pellita, PD<sup>-</sup> BR<sup>+</sup> OR<sup>-</sup> R.A. T, Maxau

S. pseudoaphylla, PD<sup>-</sup> BR<sup>-</sup> OR<sup>-</sup> R.A. T, Maxau

S. austr.-austr. GR<sup>-</sup>

S. leguminosae B, 'mut. albun. (3?)' GR<sup>-</sup>

S. lactea, mut. albun.

S. leu-iris, 'mut. albun. P. albus, D. alb.'
This species and others, especially *S. discolor*, often bear cone-shaped galls on the ends of the branches. These consist of imbricated leaves, and are caused by the deposit of eggs of insects.

**S. tristis, Ait. Dwarf Gray Willow.**

Rare. Hollows, between Northeast Harbor and Little Harbor (Rand). Perhaps introduced in this locality from beyond our limits.

**S. petiolaris, Smith.**

Frequent. Somesville; Bass Harbor Marsh; Great Cranberry Isle; Long Pond meadows, etc. (Rand). The type passes into the next variety.

**Var. angustifolia, Anders. S. rosmarinifolia (Herb. Hook.), Barratt & Hooker.**

Leaves narrowly lanceolate, almost linear, margin slightly serrulate or subentire, glaneous beneath, at first silky, at length glabrate. DC. Prod., xvi. 2. 234. Common on meadows and heaths. Long Pond meadows; Pond Heath; Northeast Meadow, etc. (R. & R.). The silky hairs of the young leaves are usually of a rusty color.

**S. cordata, Muhl. Heart-leaved Willow.**


**S. balsamifera (Hook.), Barratt. Balsam Willow.**

Widely distributed, but nowhere very abundant. Southwest Harbor; Sargent Mt.; Beech Hill; Ripples Pond; Somes Pond; Denning Brook; Beech Mt. Noteh; The Hio; Doeters Brook; road, west side of Browns Mt., etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Browns Mt. (E. Faxon); — High Head meadow (Faxon & Rand); — Long Pond meadows (R. & R.).

**POPULUS, L. Poplar. Aspen.**

**P. tremuloides, Mx. Aspen.**

Frequent in woods.
P. grandidentata, Mx. Large-toothed Aspen.
Frequent in woods.

P. balsamifera, L. Balm of Gilead.
Frequent about dwellings, etc. Apparently introduced, and naturalized by seedlings. Oak Hill, etc. (Rand); — Southwest Harbor (Elizabeth G. Britton, Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — and elsewhere. At Somesville, however, and east of Town Hill, remote from dwellings, it appears to be indigenous.

P. dilatata, L. Lombardy Poplar.
Occasionally by roadsides, etc., and sometimes spontaneous, Somesville; Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Oak Hill (Redfield). Adventive from Europe.

EMPETRACEÆ. Crowberry Family.

EMPETRUM, L. Crowberry.

E. nigrum, L. Black Crowberry.
Common on cliffs along the coast and on the islands. Often in heaths and bogs; The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle; Sunken Heath; Great Heath (Rand); — more rarely on mountains and hills; Barr Hill; Green Mt. (Redfield); — Sargent Mt. (Rand). Also Duck Islands (Redfield).

COREMA, Don. Broom Crowberry.

C. Conradii, Torr.
Dry rocky places; rare and local. Asticou; Little Harbor (Lane & Rand); — Barr Hill, in a number of localities; hill between Long Pond and Little Harbor Brook (Redfield); — Beech Mt.; Dog Mt. (Rand); — Beech Hill (Annie S. Downs, Sara E. Boggs); — Ship Harbor (Annie S. Downs); — in great abundance in pine barrens, east of Ship Harbor; west of Hio (Rand).*

* Corema also grows in abundance with *Pinus Banksiana*, near Prospect Harbor, Gouldsborough (Redfield).
P. Banksiana, come. at Petitcodiac grow in cold harbor
with Larix & Picea nigra. & northish. 4 B.
Bic.
Class II. **D**icotyledones Gymnosperme."\n
**Coniferæ.** Pine Family.

**Pinus, L.** Pine.*

P. Strobus, L. White Pine.

Frequent. [Red pine.]

P. rigida, Mill. Pitch Pine.

Barren soil; not uncommon, but local. Browns Mt., etc. (R. & R.). Very abundant on Newport Mt.


Frequent. [Abundance near Castine to Acadia, abundant in Kennebec, Easton, etc. Also on Jones Island.]


Common. [Red spruce.]

P. alba (Ait.), Link. Abies alba, Mx. White Spruce.

Common. More common near the coast than the preceding species. A very beautiful glaucous or blue form is not uncommon in different parts of the Island.

**Tsuga, Carr.** Hemlock.

T. Canadensis (L.), Carr.

Infrequent, except in old woods. Also on Cranberry Isles.

**Abies, Juss.** Fir.

A. balsamea (L.), Mill. Balsam Fir.

Common. [Balsam fir.]

**Larix, Adans.** Larch.

L. Americana, Mx. Hackmatack. Tamarack.

Common. Also on Cranberry Isles.

*P. Banksiana, Lamb., is found in abundance on Schoodic Peninsula, across Frenchman Bay, but has not yet been found on Mount Desert Island.
THUJA, L. ARBOR-VITÆ.

T. occidentalis, L. (Blond) Bœ, De R. Carl., US, BR. BR, Dic, W, Pue

Very common. Usually called White Cedar on the Island.

JUNIPERUS, L. JUNIPER.

J. communis, L. Common Juniper.

Common in dry ground, on rocky cliffs, etc. Very low-spreading, and variable.


Frequent in dry fields or on rocky cliffs along the coast. Roberts Point, Northeast Harbor; Pierce Head; Sargent Mt. (Rand);—shores Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Bar Harbor (Beatrix Jones); — Bald Porcupine Island (W. H. Manning); — very common in dry fields, Sutton Island (Rand et al.).

TAXUS, L. YEW.


Common in deep moist woods and glens.

CLASS III. MONOCOTYLEDONES.

ORCHIDACEÆ. Orchid Family.

MICROSTYLIS, Nutt. Adder's Mouth.

M. ophioglossoides (Willd.), Nutt. BR, JR, Pue, Bie, C, B

Not infrequent, and very generally distributed over the Island and the Cranberry Isles, in low moist ground. Also Sargent Mt.; summit of Flying Mt. (Rand).

LIPARIS, Richard. Twayblade.

L. Lœselii (L.), Richard.

Local. On Stanley Brook, Seal Harbor (G. Hunt); — swamp on Breakneck road (Brigham); — near Kings Point, and on Clark Point, Southwest Harbor; Somesville; field, Juniper Cove (Rand).
J. communis, vzz. alpina Mt. Alb. Perce

m. monophylla
Cape near Ft. Amherst, June 21, 19. (2x) Bie + Carl.
BR (very small) NR+

Calypso borealis BC, Cow's Basin, P. St. B. 1896, P. F. M. 1897 (2x)
BR (R) BR+ Bie NR+ & 2ccll
C. striata { Pace +

Laureolastra Le+ Le+ ? P.A. 8c+ Pm  RSA - T
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

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CORALLORHIZA, R. Br. CORAL-ROOT.

C. innata, R. Br. Deep woods; infrequent. Hadlock Upper Pond (H. C. Jones, Rand); — Southwest Valley; Cold Brook; Little Harbor Brook Notch; Clark Valley (Rand); — Sargent Mt. (Brigham); — woods, Jordan Pond road (Redfield); — woods, off Town Hill road, Somesville (R. B. Worthington).

C. multiflora, Nutt. Infrequent, and not as widely distributed as the last. Hadlock Valley (Rand, Redfield); — Bar Island, Bar Harbor (F. M. Day); — woods, Hadlock Upper Pond; Cold Brook; Clark Valley (Rand).

LISTERA, R. Br. TWAYBLADE.

L. cordata (L.), R. Br. Rare. Cold Brook (Rand).


SPIRANTHES, Richard. LADIES' TRESSES.

S. Romanzoffiana, Cham. Frequent in damp ground or meadows. Flowering in late July and August, earlier than the next.

S. cernua (L.), Richard. Very common in damp ground. Flowering in late August, September, and early October.

S. graecilis (Bigel.), Beeck. Infrequent. Roadside near Little Harbor (W. C. Lane); — Beech Cliff; roadsides, Northeast Harbor, and near Fernald Cove; Norwood Road, Southwest Harbor (Rand); — Barr Hill; fields north of Long Pond (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs).
GOODYERA, R. Br. Rattlesnake Plantain.

G. repens (L.), R. Br.
Frequent in deep woods. Also on Cranberry Isles.

G. pubescens (Willd.), R. Br.
Rare. Sargent Mt. Gorge; Cold Brook (Rand).

ARETHUSA, L.

A. bulbosa, L.
Common in sphagnum bogs. A form with two scapes, each two-flowered, Sea Wall Swamp; meadow on Denning Brook (Rand).

Forma albiflora.
Flowers pure white. Sea Wall Swamp (Redfield, Faxon & Rand); — Somes Pond Swamp; Sunken Heath (Rand); — Great Heath, etc. (Annie S. Downs).

Forma subcaerulea.
Flowers bluish or lavender in color. Swamp on Denning Brook (Rand).

CALOPOGON, R. Br.

C. pulchellus (Willd.), R. Br.
Common, usually in sphagnum bogs.

POGONIA, Juss.

P. ophioglossoides (L.), Ker.
Common in sphagnum bogs and on wet pond shores. On the Island this and the two plants last named are called indiscriminately by the name of Swamp Pink.

Forma albiflora.
Flowers pure white. Jordan Pond (Rand); — Sea Wall; Great Heath (Annie S. Downs).
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

HABENARIA, Willd.

**H. tridentata** (Willd.), Hook.
Common in moist ground.

**H. hyperborea** (L.), R. Br. Rare. Swamp, Northeast Harbor (Rand); — trail between Jordan Pond and Northeast Harbor (Redfield).

**H. dilatata** (Pursh), Gray.*
Frequent in swampy ground.

**H. obtusata** (Pursh), Richardson. Deep, mossy woods; infrequent. Sargent Mt. Gorge; woods, head of The Barcelona meadow; Cold Brook (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield, Harriet A. Hill).

**H. Hookeri**, Torr. † Rare. Woods near Otter Creek (Helen B. Walley).

**H. orbiculata** (Pursh), Torr.
Deep woods; infrequent. Sargent Mt. Gorge; Northwest Arm woods (Rand); — woods, southern end of Great Pond (Annie S. Downs); — Seal Harbor (Redfield, Lizzie Churchill); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield, Harriet A. Hill).

**H. fimbriata** (Ait.), R. Br. **Purple-fringed Orchid.**
Common in swampy ground. A small-flowered form of this species has sometimes been taken for *H. psycodes*, a species not as yet discovered on the Island.

*Forma albiflora.*
Flowers pure white. Hadlock Upper Pond (B. E. J. Gresham); — Long Pond meadows (Redfield).

CYPRIPEDIUM, L. **Lady's Slipper.**

**C. spectabile**, Salisb. **Snowy Lady's Slipper.**
Swamp, Northeast Harbor (Rand).

* Not of Hooker. See A. Gray, Ann. Lyc. N. Y., iii. 231.
† H. Hookeri, Torr., is the more correct name.
C. acaule, Ait.  **STEMLESS LADY'S SLIPPER.**

Common in woods.

*Forma alboflorum.*

Flowers pure white, or white with indistinct pink veins. Near Breakneck Ponds (Rand); — Beech Mt. Notch; woods, Hadlock Lower Pond (R. & R.).

**IRIDACEÆ.**  **IRIS FAMILY.**

**IRIS, L.**  **BLUE FLAG.**

*I. versicolor, L.*  **§**

Very common everywhere in moist ground, especially in low grounds near the coast.

**SISYRINCHIUM, L.**  **BLUE-EYED GRASS.**

*S. angustifolium, Mill.  S. Bermudiana, L.*

Common in grassy places. Whatever may be the fact in regard to the specific rank of *S. anceps* and *S. mucronatum*, all the Island forms must be referred to *S. angustifolium*. A specimen with a single spathe, collected by F. M. Day, in 1882, probably in the vicinity of Bar Harbor, has been somewhat doubtfully marked *S. anceps* in the herbarium. A recent and more careful examination, however, seems to show that it is nothing more than *S. angustifolium* with smaller, probably immature seeds. It is worthy of remark that not a specimen of the true *S. anceps* form has yet been found on the Island, although *S. angustifolium* is so very abundant. This fact is evidence that these forms of the plant merit at least varietal distinction.

**LILIACEÆ.**  **LILY FAMILY.**

**HEMEROCALLIS, L.**  **DAY LILY.**

*H. fulva, L.*

Often by roadsides near dwellings; escaped from cultivation. Town Hill (R. & R.); — Somesville; Emery District; Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

536. Hookeri. C. Common on sandy beaches in Hummock Edges,
Abund from Snake Bar at Vicer. Mouth 2m. Bié
1. Cal + BR. D. BR. GC. MB. T

- S. montanum GR + R + BR +
Strophio mesopholis M&H.
POLYGONATUM, Adans. Solomon's Seal.

P. biflorum (Walt.), Ell. Smaller Solomon's Seal.

Infrequent. Head of Little Harbor Brook Notch; woods, Deer Brook; Canada Valley; copses, Long Pond meadows (Rand); — Hadlock Valley (Redfield); — Rum Key, Porcupine Islands (F. M. Day).

ASPARAGUS, L.

A. officinalis, L. Garden Asparagus.

Escaped from cultivation; in uncultivated field, Southwest Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

SMILACINA, Desf. False Solomon's Seal.

S. racemosa (L.), Desf. False Spikenard.

Infrequent. Head of Northeast Harbor; woods, Deer Brook; Northwest Arm woods; Southwest Valley road (Rand); — Hadlock Valley; Browns Mt. Notch (Redfield); — Rum Key, Porcupine Islands (F. M. Day). Tree Mt (1800)

S. stellata (L.), Desf.

Very rare. Porcupine Islands (F. M. Day).

S. trifolia (L.), Desf.

Frequent in peat bogs.

MAIANTHEMUM, Wiggers.

M. Canadense, Desf. Smilacina bifolia, Ker., var. Canadensis; Gray. Dwarf Solomon's Seal. DC

Common everywhere in woods, copses, and clearings.

STREPTOPUS, Mx. Twisted Stalk.

S. amplexifolius (L.), DC.

Frequent in deep woods, especially along mountain brooks.

S. roseus, Mx.

Frequent in deep woods. Perhaps more common than the last.
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.

CLINTONIA, Raf.  WILD LILY OF THE VALLEY.  


OAKESIA, S. Wats.

O. sessilifolia (L.), S. Wats.  \textit{Uvularia sessilifolia}, L.  COMMON BELLWORT.

Common in deciduous woods and in copses.

ERYTHRONTION, L.  DOG-TOOTH VIOLET.

E. Americanum, Ker.

Rare.  Low ground, Clark Point, Southwest Harbor; Fernald Point (Anna H. Bee).

LILLY, L.  LILY.

L. Philadelphicum, L.  BLACKBERRY LILLY.  WILD RED LILLY.

Local, and not widely distributed.  Schooner Head (Rand); — Sargent Mt.; Somesville (R. & R.); — Norway Drive, and country about Salisbury Cove (F. M. Day, Clara L. Walley, Mary Minot, Margaret A. Rand).

L. Canadense; L.  WILD YELLOW LILY.  CANADA LILY.

Rare.  Salisbury Cove (Mary Minot).  Very common, however, on the mainland.

MEDEOLA, L.  INDIAN CUCUMBER ROOT.

M. Virginiana, L.

Frequent in rich woods.

TRILLIUM, L.  WAKE ROBIN.

T. erythroxylum, Mill.  PAINTED TRILLIUM.

Frequent in damp woods.
Convalaria majalis 913.

Lilium - Bie. Dor.

Veratrum viride q. from Mont St. Louis to Métili. Met. & b.

Topped in glutinous. GR (R) BR + SR. Dec.

Zygadenus chloranthus Rau X+ Cliff along Sangianger (m)

Bie. Cur. + Pud. R. Blaude T

T. Cornium S. R. L. E. de W. (m) 4R+ 1+ Pud. & R. 90

Rsa Terecam. 1+.
V. effusa, compacta; S. K.

M. fimbria, Inflato (in)
F. lactica stipeaeque BR
F. lactica gracile BR
F. vario. 13.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

PONTEDERIACEÆ. Pickerel-weed Family.

PONTEDERIA, L. Pickerel-weed.

P. cordata, L.

Streams and muddy pond shores; common. Forms are sometimes found corresponding to var. angustifolia (Pursh), Torr.

XYRIDACEÆ. Yellow-eyed Grass Family.

XYRIS, L. Yellow-eyed Grass.

X. flexuosa, Muhl., var. pusilla, Gray.

Peat bogs and sandy shores; rare and local. Hadlock Ponds (Wm. H. Dunbar, Rand); — Breakneck Ponds (A. H. Smith, R. H. Day); — Jordan Pond (T. G. White, Redfield, Annie M. Rand). It is possible that this may be distinct from X. flexuosa, and entitled to specific rank. See Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xix. 38, where this plant is described as Xyria montana, Ries, — Xyria being an evident typographical error for Xyris. The specific name montana, there chosen, is most unfortunately inappropriate.

JUNCACEÆ. Rush Family.

JUNCUS, L. Rush.

J. effusus, L. Common Rush.

Very common in wet ground.

J. filiformis, L. Rare. Edge of pool on Heaths Brook, Tremont, near head of the Marsh (M. L. Fernald).

J. Balticus, Dethard, var. littoralis, Engelm. Common in wet brackish ground on the coast. Also on White Beach, southern end of Great Pond (Rand).

J. Greenei, Oakes & Tuck.

Dry ground; rare. Sargent Mt. (Rand); — Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald).
J. tenuis, Willd.
Fields and roadsides; very common.

J. secundus (Beauv.), Engelm.
Rare. Dog Mt. (Rand).

J. Gerardi, Loisel.  **Black Grass.**
Salt marshes; common.

J. bufonius, L.  *Peece.* DR. CA. NL. CA. BR. Bic. + 1
Low ground, especially by roadsides; very common.

J. pelocarpus, E. Meyer.
Wet meadows and pond shores; common. A prolific form, Denning Pond (Rand).

J. articulatus, L.
Wet grounds and roadsides; frequent. Northeast Harbor (Greenleaf, Rand); — Somesville (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor; High Head (Rand).

J. militaris, Bigel.
Common in streams and ponds.

J. acuminatus, Mx.
Mt. Kebo (Greenleaf); — near Long Pond (Redfield). Probably not uncommon, but as yet seldom reported.

J. Canadensis, J. Gay, var. *longicaudatus,* Engelm.
Frequent. Great Head (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor; Hadlock Upper Pond; Denning Pond (Rand); — Cranberry Isles, Somesville (R. & R.).

Very common.

**LUZULA, DC. Wood Rush.**

L. campestris (L.), DC.

L. zuñahic, DC.  *L. pilosa* (L.), Willd.  *Peece*

Infrequent. Clearing north of Pond Heath; meadow between Somesville and Town Hill (Rand); — clearings on Indian Point road, Somesville (R. & R.).

L. campestris (L.), DC.  *L. racemosa,* DC.  *L. multiflora,* Willd.  *Bie. 3*
Common in fields, clearings, etc.
Var. Williamius, B. Taduno, Rdu X, S. N.

Var. anthelatna, S.

583°, var. halophinis, C. YC, Rdu x, BR+, BrK+

alpimio, B. 155°C, B. 155°C, Rda = t

alpimiosi, B. 155°C, B. 155°C, Rda = t

notronox, alpimius, BR+, BR+

Brachycephalus? S.

Stygius paramericus, BR+, BR+

X. pampijae, BR+ Al 6 (m) Rdu X, x. Y+ BR, Peo+ BR, YK, AC+ T

571° var. tigrinae, C. S k. Stg, Bic

var. pallecons, BR, KC+, Siox, +

L. opicata, var. + K+ +

L. opicata, var.
S. curucurfum Sm.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

TYPHACEÆ. CAT-TAIL FAMILY.

TYPHA, L. CAT-TAIL FLAG.

T. latifolia, L. Bogs and marshes; frequent.

SPARGANIUM, L. BUR-REED.


S. androcladum, Engelm.

Common. From a study of Mt. Desert specimens it appears better not to recognize this variety as entitled to specific rank. There is no well defined dividing line between it and S. simplex, and occasionally the two forms appear on the same plant.

Var. angustifolium (Mx.), Engelm.

Rare. Seal Cove Pond (R. & R.); — pool, Hunters Brook (Rand). Apparently also in Hadlock Upper Pond (Rand).

S. minimum, Fries.

Ponds and streams; frequent. The Barcelona; Hadlock Upper Pond, etc. (Rand); — Jordan Stream (R. & R.); — Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald).

ARACEÆ. ARUM FAMILY.

ARISÆMA, Mart. INDIAN TURNIP.

A. triphyllum (L.), Torr. JACK-IN-THE-PULPIT.

Rich woods, boggy places, and meadows; infrequent. Jordan Pond trail from Northeast Harbor; The Barcelona meadow; Northeast Meadow (Rand); — roadside, north of Doctors Creek (R. & R.).
CALLA, L. Water Arum.


SYMPLOCARPUS, Salisb. Skunk Cabbage.

S. foetidus (L.), Nutt. Swamps; rare. Cranberry Isles (H. C. Jones, Rand, Redfield); Sea Wall and vicinity (Rand). So far as at present known the distribution of this species is very peculiar. There seems to be no good reason why it should be confined to such a limited area. It may be noted that a slight elevation of the coast line would connect the Cranberry Isles, where it occurs most frequently, with Mt. Desert Island at the Sea Wall and vicinity, where it also occurs.

ACORUS, L. Sweet Flag.

A. Calamus, L. Low grounds; rare. Near head of Doctors Creek; near Otter Creek (Redfield); on the "Overflow Brook," Somesville (R. & R.).

ALISMACEÆ. Water-Plantain Family.

SAGITTARIA, L. Arrowhead.

S. variabilis, Engelm. Common in shallow water or wet places. Very variable; the various so-called varieties or forms apparently passing into one another by intermediate forms.

Forma hastata. Common.

Lemma minor em.

Lemma frondosa em.

Alionas Ventos c. s.

S. arifila, Bie. i. LC AR+ s/a R. R.
587. C.

--- 584 yalustri, O. B. BE, SC. Ca. Cape Robin (m) Ca. Excav. GR Bic. BR. Ploc. E. Bar. T

--- Poecosphillus. Sand Valley (m) LE GR+ BR. SdR.
$\text{Forma angustifolia.}$

Near Bar Harbor (F. M. Day); — Seal Cove Pond; Ripples Pond (Rand); — Somesville (R. & R.).

$\text{S. graminea, Mx.}$

Infrequent. Somes Stream (W. H. Dunbar, R. & R., Arnold Greene); — Great Pond; Seal Cove Pond (Rand).

**NAIADACEÆ. Pondweed Family.**

**TRIGLOCHIN, L. Arrow Grass.**

$\text{T. maritima, L.}$ Common in salt marshes, and on muddy coast shores.

$\text{S. palustris, L.}$

Rare. Sunken Heath (Faxon, Rand); — The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).

**POTAMOGETON, L. Pondweed.**

$\text{P. natans, L.}$

Ponds and deep streams; frequent. Seal Cove Pond; Great Pond (Rand); — Somes Pond (R. & R.); — Northeast Creek; Witch Hole (Redfield).

$\text{P. Oakesianus, Robbins.}$

Rare. Northeast Creek; Bubble Pond (R. & R.).

$\text{P. Pennsylvanicus, Cham. P. Claytonii, Tuck.}$

Common in ponds, streams, and ditches. A very slender deep-water form, Somes Pond (Rand).

$\text{P. hybridus, Mx. P. diversifolius, Raf.}$

Rare. Ripples Pond (Fernald, Rand). With and without floating leaves.

$\text{P. perfoliatus, L.}$

Infrequent. Long Pond; Jordan Stream (Redfield); — Northeast Creek (E. Faxon, Rand, M. L. Fernald).

P. pusillus, L. Rare. Northeast Creek (M. L. Fernald).

RUPPIA, L. Ditch Grass.

R. maritima, L. Ponds and streams of brackish water along coast; common.

ZOSTERA, L. Eel Grass.

Z. marina, L. Very common in shoal water along the coast.

NAIAS, L. Naiad.

N. flexilis (Willd.), Rostk. & Schmidt. Rare. Ripples Pond (Rand).

ERIOCAULEÆ. Pipewort Family.

ERIOCAULON, L. Pipewort.

E. septangulare, With. Common in ponds and along pond borders. Sometimes in deep water, sending to the surface scapes six to ten feet in length, as in Jordan Pond (R. & R.).

CYPERACEÆ. Sedge Family.

DULICHIUM, Pers.

D. spathaceum (L.), Pers. Frequent on borders of ponds and streams.

ELEOCHARIS, R. Br. Spike Rush.

E. obtusa (Roth.), R. Br. E. obtusa, (Willd.), Schultes. Uncommon. Muddy margins of mill-pond and of Somes Stream, Somesville; bog-hole, High Head; stream near head of Southwest Harbor (Rand).
P. obtusifolius, Point Fauve (m) BR?
P. alpinus, B. R. Madeleine (m) BR+ OR D.
P. pulvinata, B. BR, Braud OR D. + OR + BR +
P. pumilum, Madeleine (m) brasilius or. Sturrocki
P. marinus, Madeleine (m) Dac. F. G. Valles
P. elongatus, BR+ OR, BR+ + OR +
Ph. muchelli, Paluster (c). BR, Sm. BR OR BR Dac. Ferrin.

Used to tank houses. CB.
E. intermediar 2+ BR+ 2+ R

S. parviflora 4+ BR+ S 3+ C 2+ R 2+ R 2+ R 2+ R 2+ R

S. occidentalis 2+ R
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

E. olivacea, Torr.
Rare. Sandy margin of Somes Stream (M. L. Fernald).

E. palustris (L.), R. Br.
Swamps; infrequent. Seal Harbor; Baker Island (Redfield).

Var. glaucescens (Willd.), Gray.
Very common in marshy ground along the coast. Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall; Somesville; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Rand); — Great Duck Island (Redfield).

E. tenuis (Willd.), Schultes.
Wet ground and pond shores; very common. Variable. C. BR

E. acicularis (L.), R. Br.
Muddy places; infrequent. Hadlock Lower Pond (Greenleaf); — Somesville (R. & R.).

E. pygmaea, Torr.
Rare. Brackish marsh, Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

SCIRPUS, L. Club Rush.

S. caespitosus, L.
Local and infrequent. Boggy depressions, Sargent Mt. (R. & R.); — The Heath, Great Cranberry Isle, — in great abundance; Sunken Heath (Rand).

S. subterminalis, Torr.
Ponds and streams; infrequent. Bar Harbor (W. Boott); — Seal Cove Pond and Brook; Somes Pond (R. & R.); — Denning Pond and Brook; meadow at outlet of Great Pond (Rand).

S. pungens, Vahl.
Rare. Bog on shore south of Sea Wall (Rand).

S. laevisus, L. S. validus, Vahl.
Ponds and marshes; common. In brackish water, Sea Wall (Rand); — Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).
S. maritimus, L.
Salt marshes and muddy beaches along the coast; very common.

S. sylvaticus, L., var. digynus, Boeckl. — S. microcarpus, Presl.
Wet ground; common. Blooming earlier than the next.

S. atrovirens, Muhl.
Wet ground; frequent. Northeast Harbor; High Head; Prettymarsh; Southwest Harbor; Seal Cove, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor (Redfield).

ERIOPHORUM, L. COTTON GRASS.

E. cyperinum, L. Scirpus Eriophorum, Mx.
Wet ground; common and variable.

Var. laxum (Gray), Wats. & Coult.
Frequent. Seal Harbor; Long Pond meadows; Bubble Pond (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor (Rand).

E. alpinum, L.
Rare. Bog, Northeast Harbor (R. & R.); — borders of Upper Breakneck Pond (Redfield).

E. Virginicum, L.
Open bogs and swamps; frequent. Southwest Harbor; Sargent Mt. (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); — Little Cranberry Isle; Great Heath (Redfield); — Sunken Heath, etc. (Rand).

E. Virginicum, L.
Open bogs and swamps; common. A form bearing unequally peduncled spikelets, Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

E. potyutam, L.
Frequent. Meadow on Sunken Heath Brook (Redfield); — Sea Wall Swamp (Rand); — Prettymarsh (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand).

Var. latifolium (Hoppe), Gray.
More common than the type,— if the varietal distinction is valid. Sargent Mt. (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand); — Hills Cove;

S. atrovirens s. P. s. s. x (race) N. Cal. Sc. 4+ Br. Br. Br. 4+ Br.

S. brevirostris B. 4+ Br.

S. pedicellatus X. Sc. 4+ Br.

S. cyperinus X.

S. contortus f. X.

S. brachyodon B. 4+ Br.

S. rufulus 4+ Br.

S. polypetachium C. Grau Bibra. 4+ Br.
R. capillacea BR +

6 2 0 a. *tenellum* C. S. AR + GR.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

Somesville, etc. (Rand); — Seal Harbor, etc.; Cranberry Isles (Redfield).

622

E. gracile, Koeh.

Frequent. Seal Harbor; Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield); — Southwest Harbor; High Head; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — "Mt. Desert" (F. M. Day).


623

R. fusca (L.), Roem. & Schultes.

Frequent. Long Pond meadows; Sea Wall (Redfield); — Somes Pond Swamp (R. & R., Fernald); — Denning Brook; at outlet of Great Pond; Ripples Pond, etc. (Rand).

624

R. alba (L.), Vahl.

Wet ground; common.

CLADIUM, P. Br. Twig Rush.

625

C. mariscoides (Muhl.), Torr.

Infrequent. Outlet of Hadlock Upper Pond (R. & R.); — "Mt. Desert" (F. M. Day); — Somesville (M. L. Fernald); — swamp above Long Pond (Redfield).

CAREX, L. Sedge.

626


627

C. Michauxiana, Boeckl. C. rostrata, Mx. C. abacta, Bailey.

Rare. Bog, Somes Pond (Rand). Cause, marum Al.

628

C. folliculata, L. Common in swamps and damp meadows.

629

C. intumescens, Rudge. Common in swamps and wet ground.
C. oligosperma, Mx. Tab. 70.
Rare. "Meadow at Gorge, near Bar Harbor" (W. Boott, spec. in Gray Herb.); — "Mt. Desert" (Randall Spaulding); — marsh, foot of Lower Breakneck Pond (E. Faxon).

C. utriculata, Boott.
Swamps; common. A form with very narrow spikes, Pond Heath (R. & R.);

Var. minor, Boott. Tab. 70. AC MM.
Infrequent. Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — Northeast Meadow (R. & R.). R 60. com. Xe. BR. TR. R. T

C. lurida, Wahl. C. tentaculata, Muhl.
Common in swamps and wet ground everywhere.

C. hystricina, Muhl.
Rare. Meadow on Little Harbor Brook (Redfield);

C. Pseudo-Cyperus, L. Tab. 70. AC MM.
Not uncommon. Seal Harbor (Redfield); — bog south of Sea Wall; bog at northern foot of Beech Hill (Rand).

C. scabrata, Schw.
Common in wet ground.

Frequent by roadsides and in clearings. Roadside, Intervale Brook valley; Sea Wall (R. & R.); — clearings, Youngs District (Faxon & Rand); — East Peak of Western Mt.; near Oak Hill; road west of Browns Mt. (Rand); — Southwest Harbor (Faxon); — Bubble Pond road (T. G. White).

C. filiformis, L.
Common in bogs and on boggy shores of ponds and streams. An immature form, probably var. latifolia, by roadside south of Salisbury Cove (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand).

C. fusca, All. C. Buxbaumii, Wahl. TR
Rare. Summit of Green Mt. (E. Faxon).
C. vescicaria. var. Cataphila. Rau L. com (m)
C. rigida. MT.

C. aquatilis BR. Cam (m) Sog. BR. & or no. BK. MT.
C. spuri. BR.
C. sp. epigeios Masterkin (m) Cap. Rodic. Mt. Louie.
C. sp. cuspidata. G. Stump.
C. glauca. Windsor.
C. toto. Truro BC.

C. albida (m) H. BR. & BK. TR.

C. opuntia BR. Grand Valley (m) B. Head. Anco.

C. lanosa. BC. mt. Alb. 3rd. 4th. BR. CA.
C. erinacea mt. Alb. TT.
C. Latif. sp. parada. Pinta.
C. vulgaris, Fries.  C. rigida, Good., var. Goodenovii (J. Gay), Bailey (Gray, Man., 6th ed., 2d issue, 735 c).  Common in low grounds; variable.  A singular dwarf form, with small very black spikes, Sea Wall (Rand); — Somesville (Faxon & Rand).

Var. strictiformis, Bailey.  C. rigida, Good., var. strictiformis, Bailey, l. c.

Frequent.  Northeast Harbor (Greenleaf); — Somesville (R. & R.); — Great Cranberry Isle (Rand); — Northwest Arm, Great Pond; Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

C. stricta, Lam.  Common in wet ground.

Var. angustata (Boott), Bailey.

Infrequent.  Intervale Brook valley (Rand); — Somesville and vicinity (Redfield, Faxon, Rand).

Var. decora, Bailey.

Rare.  Meadow on Sunken Heath Brook (Rand).

C. lenticularis, Mx.  Gravelly borders of ponds and streams; frequent.  Stanley Brook, Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Jordan Pond; Great Pond (R. & R.).

C. maritima, O. F. Mueller.

Marshy shores on the east; common.  Southwest Harbor; Northeast Harbor; Seal Harbor; Otter Creek; Thomas Bay; High Head; Seal Cove; Bass Harbor, etc.

C. crinita, Lam.

Low ground; common.

Var. minor, Boott.

Rare.  On Little Harbor Brook, at crossing of Northeast Harbor trail to Jordan Pond (Redfield).

C. Magellanica, Lam.  C. irrigua, Smith.  Frequent in cold bogs.  Also Green Mt. (Redfield); — Sargent Mt. (R. & R.); — Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).
C. arctata, Boott. Common in woodlands.


C. gracillima, Schw. Meadows and low ground; frequent. Seal Harbor (Redfield); south of Town Hill; High Head meadow (Rand); — northeast Meadow (R. & R.), and elsewhere.

C. flava, L. Common in low ground.

Var. graminis, Bailey. Uncommon. Shores, Northwest Arm, Great Pond; Ripples Pond (Rand); — field near Ship Harbor (Redfield & Faxon); — Long Pond meadows (Redfield). Depauperate forms of this variety are found in abundance on shores of Great Pond (Rand).

Var. viridula (Mx.), Bailey. C. Ederi, Gray, Man., 5th ed. Common in both wet and dry ground.

C. pallescens, Lam. Common in low ground.

C. conoidea, Schk. Low ground about Long Brook, Great Cranberry Isle (Redfield, Rand); — Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald).

C. laxiflora, Lam. Grassy places; common and variable.

Var. varians, Bailey. With the type, and as common.

C. PANICEA, L. Rare. Low grassy ground at mouth of Long Brook, Great Cranberry Isle (Theodore G. White, Redfield). Appearing indigenous, but probably naturalized here from Europe for many years.
C. apiculata, Fawc., Penc. mta. - C. cestanea, Wite., fex (m) BR+. Dar. R. - Slavo, Hr. 
C. clematodec., mta. - Kied. str. Penc. BR.

C. kilidi. BR.

C. julia.

C. keener. 10°. BR+ Penc. 
C. - BR+ Hr.

Kema rectirostr. BR+.

C. livida BR+ BR+.

C. nicolli. BR+ Rta. RSA. 
C. aurea. Nct. - Rau.x. (m) Rest. E. Carl. BR+ Carl. X. BR.

C. birnica. Sh. BR+ Bi*Carl+ X+ BR. Penc. BR+ 9C.
E. coli:
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.
- MT 4C.

E. coli subsp.
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.
- MT 4C.

C. perfringens
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.
- MT 4C.

C. albicans
- Staph.
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.

C. pyogenes
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.

C. casei
- Present (m) in broth and C. EC.

Not uncommon on mountains, and in dry ground in woods and clearings. Sargent Mt.; Beech Mt. Notch; Breakneck road; Southwest Valley road; Southwest Harbor; Hadlock Lower Pond; Somesville (Rand). On Town Hill road, Somesville, a form approaching var. *Deanei* (Rand).


Frequent in dry clearings. Somes Pond pastures; Hulls Cove; Beech Hill cross-road (Rand); — Somesville; Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Indian Point road, Somesville (Faxon & Rand).


Infrequent. In dry ground, Sutton Island (Redfield); — Beech Hill cross-road (Rand); — Norwood Road, Southwest Harbor (Faxon & Rand).

C. Novæ-Angliæ, Schw.  *S. Novæ-Angliæ*; *S. Traur.  Stür*.

Common, especially in dry clearings. Beech Cliff; Somes Pond pastures; Intervale Brook valley; Sargent District; Seal Cove; Indian Point road, Somesville; Norwood Road, Southwest Harbor; head of The Barcelona, etc. (Rand); — Breakneck road, etc. (Redfield).

C. Pennsylvanica, Lam.

Infrequent. Abundant, however, along the Indian Point road between Somesville and Oak Hill (R. & R.); — Breakneck road, near Hulls Cove (Redfield).


Common in dry ground everywhere. A form from Beech Mt. Notch "approaching var. *Wheeleri*, Bailey" (Rand). A form from clearing on Meadow Brook, Indian Point road, Somesville, with very soft, short, bright green leaves (Faxon & Rand). Perigynia of this species much infested by a smut.

C. umbellata, Schk.

"Very low and compact, with the spikes all closely clustered near the surface of the ground."  L. H. Bailey, Bull. Torr.
Bot. Club, xvi. 219. Frequent. High Head; Browns Mt.; Youngs District, etc. (Rand); — Breakneck road (Redfield).

Var. vicina, Dewey.

“Looser and taller than the type, with many of the peduncles elongated and becoming true culms.” Bailey, l. c. More common than the type. Sargent Mt.; clearings, near Sunken Heath; Intervale Brook valley; Beech Mt. Notch, etc. (Rand); — Somesville; Sargent Mt.; Beech Cliff (R. & R.). Forms intermediate between this and the type are not infrequent.

C. polytrichoides, Muhl. Low ground, and damp grassy places; common.

C. stipata, Muhl.

Very common, and variable.

C. tenella, Schk.

Damp places; infrequent. Sargent Mt.; woods on Town Hill road, Somesville (Rand).

C. exilis, Dewey.

Swamps and pond borders; frequent. Breakneck Ponds (R. & R.); — Somes Pond (E. Faxon); — Sunken Heath (Rand). Perigynia much infested by a smut.


Short, stiff, and erect (usually not much exceeding 1° in height), the old leaves often persistent; head tawny or greenish-yellow, short, composed of from three to five small looseish contiguous spikes, of which the uppermost is usually conspicuously attenuated at the base by the presence of staminate flowers,—sometimes the terminal spike, or even the whole head, is entirely staminate; perigynium thin and flat, conspicuously contracted into a slender beak,—which is nearly or quite as long as the body and spreading so as to give the spike an echinate appearance,—sharp-edged and rough on the upper margins, variously nerved and very sharply toothed. L. H. Bailey, Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xx. 424. Common in bogs and meadows. Head of
C. Bachii: Bro+ Trach. (1200-1300)+
C. vulpinoides BK+
C. hirtortuca BK+
C. fretinscula Vr+ 
Fex R(n) BK, CaCl, BK, Br.
C. prairea BK+
C. roeae, var. radiata JR+ Br+
C. gynaeatia Hekt(t) BK+ CaCl+ BK+ BK+ BK. "Stellarcns.
G. Merti's
C. intestrius var. GR^+ caro. P.R. Elsey 24 C. NR. some.
Northeast Creek; Sargent Mt.; High Head, and elsewhere (Rand); — Somesville; Sea Wall (R. & R.).

Var. excelsior, Bailey: §. yeu. Caus

Taller and more slender (often 2° high), the heads usually more scattered and mostly somewhat greener. Bailey, l. c. Common in bogs and low grounds throughout the Island.


Rather stiff but slender and tall, or the top of the culm weak (1°—2° high); head mostly continuous or more or less dense and composed of five to eight approximate (rarely scattered), large (15—30-flowered) green or greenish loose spikes, in which the mature narrow long-beaked perigynia usually spread nearly or quite at right angles. Bailey, l. c. Frequent. Little Cranberry Isle; Barr Hill; Seal Harbor (Redfield); — meadow, Doctors Brook; High Head meadow (Rand); — Salisbury Cove (R. & R.).


Very slender, sometimes almost thread-like, weak, bearing long and narrow divaricate perigynia, which are either in loose small heads or in scattered spikes. Bailey, l. c. Rare. Wet ground at junction of Prettymarsh and Seal Cove roads (Rand).


Tall (16'—24') and very stiff and strong, the leaves broad but stiff and usually becoming somewhat involute when dry; spikes contiguous or scattered, spreading, globular or short-cylindrical, densely flowered, green; the terminal one slenderly contracted below or even entirely staminate; perigynium large and very broad (the body about as broad as long), with a distinct rough, bifid beak, strongly many-nerved, especially upon the back, squarrose or usually retrorse at maturity, shelling off readily when ripe. Bailey, l. c. Frequent. Sargent Mt.; Freeman Heath; meadow on Sunken Heath Brook; wood road to Aunt Bettys Pond (Rand). None of the specimens thus far collected are really typical.
C. canescens, L.

Wet grounds; common everywhere. Forms approaching var. alpicola, Wahl., occur on Indian Point road, Somesville; in woods near Spruce Point, Eden; and near northern end of Denning Pond (Rand).

Var. vulgaris, Bailey.

Common as the type; in woods and drier places.

C. Norvegica, Willd.

Rare. Borders of salt marsh, Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

C. trisperma, Dewey.

Common in bogs and wet ground.

C. Deweyana, Seivw.

Rare. Southwest Valley road (Greenleaf, Lane & Rand).

C. tribuloides, Wahl.

Northeast Meadow (R. & R.);—burnt woods, Youngs District (Rand). Commonly appearing in the next named variety.

Var. reducta, Bailey.

More common than the type. In copse, near bridge at mouth of Northeast Creek; High Head meadow; Oak Hill; bog at northern foot of Beech Hill (Rand).

Var. cristata (Schw.), Bailey. C. cristata, Schw.

Rare. Damp roadside at northern foot of Beech Hill (Rand).

C. scoparia, Sehk.

Common everywhere.

Var. minor, Bott.

Dry ground; infrequent. Beech Mt. Notch; Youngs District; Somesville; road west of Browns Mt. (Rand).

C. adusta, Bott. C. pinguis, Bailey, not C. adusta of Gray, Man., 5th ed.}

Local, but not uncommon. Mt. Kebo (Greenleaf);—burnt woods, south of Sunken Heath (Faxon & Rand);—Sea Wall road, Southwest Harbor; Intervale Brook valley; road west of Browns Mt. (Rand).
C. helvola. 3.

6799 var. pubescent C. R. Bond. N. H.

6799 var. dissecta C. & O. Doak. Beach.

C. funilopa + 3


C. Smilacina R. Seeke (m) Shocker steak 400 to. N.T.A.

C. Smilacina T. Bolanderi. G. + T. Easton. N.A.

C. Delaici. O. C. W. B. BR. GR. Poc. D.

R. E. Schick
C. Patinos, Taec. Mt (1800-1900) Hicific

B. Leporina, Yarmouth
Dry ground; common.
Var. perplexa, Bailey.
Rare.  Somesville (Redfield); — Beech Hill (Rand).
C. silicea, Olney.
Rare.  Beach near Thumbcap, Great Cranberry Isle (R. & R.).
Infrequent.  Woods, Seal Harbor (Redfield); — meadow on Denning Brook; Somesville (Rand).
Var. brevior, Dewey.
Infrequent.  Mt. Kebo (Greenleaf); — Seal Cove (Rand); — Town Hill (M. L. Fernald).  A depauperate form, Newport Mt. (Rand).
Var. aperta, Boott.
Common in wet ground, especially near the coast.
Var. invisa, W. Boott.
Rare.  Schooner Head (W. Boott, spec. in Herb. Gray); — C. bog on shore south of Sea Wall (Rand); — Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald).  A form nearly approaching this variety, Bass Harbor (Rand).

Infrequent.  Road west of Browns Mt. (Rand), and probably elsewhere.
Var. cumulata, Bailey.  C. straminea, Willd., var. cumulata,  
Dry ground, especially in newly disturbed soil; common.

GRAMINEÆ. Grass Family.

SPARTINA, Schreb. Marsh Grass.

*S. cynosuroides* (L.), Willd. Marsh Grass. Frequent on salt marshes. Also Beech Hill (Rand); — where seed was doubtless introduced in seaweed used for field dressing.

*S. juncea* (Mx.), Willd. Salt Rush Grass.

Salt marshes and sea beaches; common.


Common on muddy shores along the coast, and in salt marshes. Also Cranberry Isles. A form intermediate between this and the next variety, Little Cranberry Isle (Redfield).

Var. *alterniflora* (Loisel.), Gray.

Rare. Head of Somes Sound (Redfield); — Norwood Cove (M. L. Fernald). Although this plant differs much from southern specimens of *P. commutatum*, it is hard to place it elsewhere than in this species." F. Lamson-Scribner.

PANICUM, L. Panic Grass.

*P. capillare*, L.


*P. commutatum*, Schultes.

Rare. Field, Northwest Cove (Rand). Although this plant differs much from southern specimens of *P. commutatum*, it is hard to place it elsewhere than in this species." F. Lamson-Scribner.

*P. nitidum*, Lam.

East Peak, Western Mt.; Southwest Harbor (Rand).

*Forma densiflorum*.

An unusual form having panicles somewhat densely many-flowered. Shore of Ripples Pond (Rand).
Phalaris arundinacea

Psa

C. angustifolium
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

P. depauperatum, Muhl.

Roadsides and clearings. Somesville (R. & R.); near Sunken Heath; Sheep Island, Somes Harbor (Rand).

P. dichotomum, L.

Common both in dry and damp ground. Exceedingly variable, appearing certainly in forms commune and fasciculatum.

P. laxiflorum, Lam.

Frequent. High Head; Somesville (R. & R.); Beech Hill road, Southwest Harbor (Rand). A smooth form (P. laxiflorum, Chapm. Flora S. States, Suppl. 667), Northeast Meadow (Rand).

P. Crus-galli, L. Barnyard Grass.

Frequent in barnyards and cultivated ground. Appearing in both long-awned and awnless forms. Naturalized from Europe.

SETARIA, Beauv. Bristly Foxtail Grass.

S. glauca (L.), Beauv. Foxtail Grass.

Cultivated ground. Southwest Harbor; High Head; Seal Harbor (Rand). Adventive from Europe.

S. viridis (L.), Beauv. Green Foxtail.

Common in cultivated grounds and waste places. Naturalized from Europe.

S. italica (L.), Roem. & Schultes. Millet.

Head of Northeast Harbor, in grass plots (Rand). Adventive from Europe. The form is that known as S. Germanica (L.), Beauv., distinguished from the type by its more dense or compact, and usually erect, panicle or "head."

LEERSIA, Swz. Cut Grass.

L. oryzoides (L.), Swz. Rice Cut Grass.

Border of Somes Stream (Rand);—Seal Cove Pond meadow (R. & R.).
ANTHOXANTHUM, L. SWEET VERNAL GRASS.

A. odoratum, L.

Fields and meadows; becoming common. Naturalized from Europe.

HIEROCHLOE, Gmelin. SWEET GRASS.

H. borealis, Roem. & Schultes. *BRK. Rec. GR. Bic.*

Borders of salt or brackish meadows and marshes. Bass Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Little Harbor; Seal Harbor; Northeast Meadow; Thomas Bay; Cranberry Isles; Duck Islands, and elsewhere. Much used by the Indians for basket work.

STIPA, L. FEATHER GRASS.

S. Macounii, Scribner.* S. Richardsonii, Gray, non Link.

Dry woods and clearings; not uncommon.

ORYZOPSIS, Mx. MOUNTAIN RICE.

M. glomerata (Willd.), Trin.

Infrequent. Damp field, Northeast Harbor (Rand); — Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — Sargent Mts.; Beech Mt. Notch; — shore, Jordan Pond (Rand).

*M. diffusa, Schreb.

"In abundance," western slope of Green Mt. (Arnold Greene).

BRACHYELYTRUM, Beauv.

B. aristatum (Pers.), Beauv.

Low woods throughout the Island; frequent, but not abundant.
H. alpina, MTA.

Oryg. canadensis, Bič

M. meyeriana, 5X - RSA.
P. alpinum Instablen, Blt+ Rbl.

Agp. arenicolafr. S. Sog.
A. aristulatus. XE+ rbh.
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

PHLEUM, L. Cat's-tail Grass.

P. pratense, L. Timothy.
Common in fields and meadows. Naturalized from Europe.

ALOPECURUS, L. Fox-tail Grass.

A. pratensis, L. Meadow Fox-tail.
Fields and by roadsides; infrequent. Seal Harbor (Redfield); —Southwest Harbor; Bar Harbor; Hulls Cove; Somesville (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

SPOROBOLUS, R. Br. Drop-seed Grass.

S. serotinus (Torr.), Gray. Mist Grass.
Meadows and low ground; frequent.

AGROSTIS, L. Bent Grass.

Meadows and fields; common. Naturalized from Europe through cultivation.

Var. sylvatica (L.), Scribner.
A viviparous form of the species. Beech Hill; Somes Stream (Rand).

Var. coarctata (Hoffm.), Scribner.
Panicle dense; branches short, flower-bearing to the base; plant not stoloniferous. In wet ground; frequent. Baker Island (Redfield); —High Head; bog, Kings Point, Southwest Harbor (Rand); —head of Somes Sound (Greenleaf). Doubtless indigenous.

Var. stolonifera (L.), Vasey.
Panicle dense, but the spikelets less crowded than in var. coarctata, narrow, often linear; plant stoloniferous. On beaches by the shore, and elsewhere. Hunters Beach; High Head (Rand); —Little Cranberry Isle; Little Harbor (Redfield). Doubtless indigenous.
Var. vulgaris (With.), Thurb. Red-Top.

Meadows and fields; common. Naturalized from Europe through cultivation, and perhaps also indigenous.

A. perennans (Walt.), Tuck.

Frequent in damp shady places and by brooksides. Beech Mt. Notch; Deer Brook, Jordan Pond; Gilmore Brook; Little Harbor Brook Notch, and elsewhere (Rand);—Southwest Harbor (M. L. Fernald). It seems doubtful whether these northern plants belong to the true southern A. perennans. A form from woods south of Beech Mt. may be A. Nova-Anglica, Tuck.

A. scabra, Willd. Hair Grass.

Dry soil; common. A dwarf form growing in tufts in rock hollows and dry places is var. montanum (Torr.). Sargent Mt. (Greenleaf, Rand);—Western Mt.; White Beach, Great Pond (Rand).

A. canina, L. Infrequent. Sargent Mt. (Greenleaf, Rand).

CINNA, L. Wood Reed Grass.

C. pendula, Trin.

Damp woods. Cold Brook; Little Harbor Brook valley; Beech Mt. Notch (Rand);—Seal Harbor (Redfield). A very robust form, head of Beech Mt. Notch (Rand).

CALAMAGROSTIS, Adans. Reed Bent Grass.

C. Canadensis (Mx.), Beauv. Blue Joint.

Common in moist or wet ground from sea level to mountain summits. Beet. Cat. KC. BK. GR. V. MLA. P. du L. C.

DESCHAMPSIA, Beauv. Hair Grass.

D. flexuosa (L.), Trin.

Common in dry places, especially on hills and mountains.
A. borealis, H* Tiae ait* RCR. P. E. Rsa. Mca-
A. hyem. geminata Mka-

Catalbria aquatica Rhu P. P. Ric. Mein. Mon. "C."

Holcus lanatus S.

Ammophila arenaria S.
Cal. Senicren. \( \text{HCl} \), Rsa*
C. Lanostori. \( \text{HCl} \)
C. reflecta Cal. Ric. Cal. BC* PS* Bie* A. Ponce Rhu R.T
Cal. hyp. BC*
Cal. parv. Bie*
Cal. obs. Borealis. Mka*
C. Linares BC* Ponce
D. cacephala. Ca. Stel in. 6 Maced. Ponce, \( \text{HCl} \)
D. atrip. "C."
D. atr. Lacto. LA. T.T. (A)
D. — BR.
D. sub. alpina Hka.
Avena sativa. S. W. 4k

Praesimum, Ca. 4k

Distichlis maritima. 4k


P. glauca. P. Rauk. Luc. Scop. (m). Bie +


P. laevigata. Tract. 4k. P. Rauk.

P. alpina. Mt. Alb. 9k. Rsa. Lea. (m). Rsa + 9k. Bie +. 4k - 9c - Rsa - T
TRISTEM, Pers.

T. subspicatum (L.), Beauv., var. molle (Mx.), Gray.

Rare. Bluff by shore, Northwest Cove (Rand).

DANTHONIA, DC. WILD OAT GRASS.

D. spicata (L.), Beauv.

Common everywhere in poor soil.

D. glomerata, L.


POA, L. SPEAR GRASS. MEADOW GRASS.

P. annua, L. Low Spear Grass.

Roadsides and cultivated grounds. Bar Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Northeast Harbor; Somesville, and elsewhere. Introduced, and becoming common. Naturalized from Europe.

P. compressa, L. Wire Grass.

Frequent in dry soil, or rocky places. Appearing indigenous in many places on the Island, but doubtless naturalized from Europe.

P. nemoralis, L.

Somesville (Rand).

P. serotina, Ehrh. FALSE RED-TOP.

Common and very variable. This species runs gradually into P. nemoralis; specimens from Bubble Pond (Rand) can hardly be distinguished. A large form with ample panicle (P. fertilis, Host), Somes Pond, at outlet, in water (Rand).

P. pratensis, L. KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS.

Common. Perhaps indigenous, but mostly naturalized from Europe.
GLYCERIA, R. Br. MANNA GRASS.

G. Canadensis (Mx.), Trin. Rattlesnake Grass. Job’s Tears.

Common in wet places.

G. laxa, Scribner.

A coarse leafy grass, 2°-4° high, with a diffuse ample panicle and oblong, somewhat turgid spikelets. Sheaths scabrous, the lower exceeding the internodes. Ligule about 1” long, thin, lacerate. Leaves 8’-15’ long, 3”-4” wide, very rough-scabrous, both sides tapering to a sharp point or the lower ones abruptly sharp-pointed. Panicle 7’-9’ long, the main axis and branches strongly scabrous, lower branches in twos or threes, the upper solitary, the longer and usually widely spreading lower ones 3’-5’ long. Spikelets oblong or broadly ovate, 3-5-flowered, about 2” long, much exceeding the pedicels, and from 1”-1½” wide. Empty glumes unequal, scarios-margined, the larger second glume about one half the length of the first floret. Flowering glumes rounded on the back, 1”-1½” long, broadly obovate, obtuse, with a narrow scarious margin above, 7-nerved, nerves not prominent. Palea nearly equalling the glume, the keels smooth, strongly curved above. Closely allied to G. Canadensis, but the smaller spikelets are green or purple tinged, and the more obtuse floral glume scarcely exceeds the narrower palea. F. Lamson-Scribner in Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, xxi. 37, sub nom. Paniculata laxa, and republished here as above at his desire.

Seal Harbor (Redfield); — Somesville (Rand). A form apparently of this species with smaller and imperfectly developed spikelets, Great Cranberry Isle; Seal Harbor (Redfield).

G. obtusa (Muhl.), Trin.

Common in wet grounds about Somesville. Also Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall (Rand).

G. elongata (Torr.), Trin.

Wet woods. Near Beech Hill (Arnold Greene); — Canada Valley; Seal Harbor; Beech Mt. Notch (Rand).

G. nervata (Willd.), Trin.

Common in meadows.
S. floribunda after Pursh

P. dikranu. C. A.

F. ovina Carr

F.ichernscha Gipr Berlin, 2nd.

F. brevifolia Bie
G. pallida (Torr.), Trin.
A narrow-leaved form in bog at northern foot of Beech Hill (Rand).

G. grandis, S. Watson.  G. aquatica (L.), Sm.
Somes Stream, Somesville (Rand).

G. fluitans (L.), R. Br.
Brooksides and ditches; frequent.

PUCCINELLIA, Parl.*  (Atropis, Rupr.)

P. maritima (Huds.), Parl.  Atropis maritima (Huds.), Griseb.
Glyceria maritima (Huds.), Wahl.  Sea Spear Grass.
Rare. Shore, Somes Harbor (Redfield). A puzzling form, perhaps a hybrid between this species and P. distans, Norwood Cove (M. L. Fernald).


Sea beaches. Somesville; Ovens; Thomas Bay; Southwest Harbor; Mt. Desert Narrows, and elsewhere. “This form is distinguished from P. maritima by its smaller and weaker habit, and by having the keels of the palea smooth below and only very minutely scabrous above. In P. maritima the keels of the palea are strongly fringed nearly or quite to the base.” F. Lamson-Scribner. More recent examination shows this form to be specifically distinct, and should bear the name in the Manual of P. angustata (R. Br.).

FESTUCA, L.  Fescue Grass.

F. rubra, L.  Sheep’s Fescue.
Common especially on or near the shore. Also on Cranberry Isles. All specimens from Mt. Desert and vicinity are referred, however, to F. rubra, L., by Prof. F. Lamson-Scribner, which
* Better considered as a sub-genus of Glyceria.
he considers without doubt a distinct species from *F. ovina*. Specimens from High Head, Great Cranberry Isle, Little Cranberry Isle, and Thompson Island, may be referred to var. *genuina*, Hack. A specimen from Indian Point road, Somesville, appears to be var. *fullax*, Hack.

"In *F. rubra* the leaves of the culm and sterile shoots are similar, the ligules in the latter are not auriculate, and the shoots themselves are extra-vaginal; i.e. the buds of the branches at the base of the culm burst through the base of the leaf sheath in the axil of which they are formed. In *F. ovina* the leaves of the flowering culms and sterile shoots are unlike, the ligules on the latter are auriculate and the shoots themselves are intra-vaginal; i.e. the buds in the lower leaf axils grow up out of the sheaths and do not break through them below. *F. ovina* is strictly tufted, while *F. rubra* extends more or less by rootstocks." F. Lamson-Scribner.


Gray, Man., 6th ed.

Rare. Near Hulls Cove (Rand). Naturalized from Europe.

**F. elatior**, L.

Fields and roadsides; common. Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Bar Harbor; Somesville; Seal Harbor; High Head. Naturalized from Europe.

Var. *pratensis* (Huds.), Gray.

Fields. Seal Harbor; Southwest Harbor; Somesville; High Head, and elsewhere. Naturalized from Europe.

**Bromus**, L. **Brome Grass.**


Frequent in rocky woods and low ground. Variable.

**Agropyrum**, Gartn. (*Triticum*, L.) **False Wheat.**

**A. repens** (L.), Beauv. *Triticum repens*, L. **Quitch Grass.**

Witch Grass. *Bic. C. T. T.*

Fields, waysides, and shores; common and very variable. Naturalized from Europe in cultivated grounds, and also in-
F. m. m. subulata, SC 2^+

P. scabrella Mt. Alb (m)

Br. ciliatus, m. caeviglumis 2C^+

B. caeviglumis B.

Br.

B. m. 3, 7W. K 4K

Br. RSA -
A. violacea, Mt. Bich (3)

A. africana, P. K. Bic, Cal, Tree, Mt. Bic, Pace, Pace +
Matau 4C, 4C, Rsa, MTA - T

E.  Sunt, R, 4C, Rsa
digigenous. The Island forms appear for the most part to be
digenous northern and coast forms, and abound on beaches
and on banks by the shore.

Var. glaucum (Desf.), Boiss. Triticum repens, L., var. inter-
medium, Fries.

A glaucous, rigid, maritime form, with large crowded spikelets
and glumes blunt or mucronate. Seal Harbor (Redfield); —
Northeast Harbor; Southwest Harbor, etc. (Rand).

Var. pilosum, Scribner.

Upper surface of leaves pilose, rhachis of spike pubescent to
hirsute, flowering glumes awnless or short cuspidate pointed.
Southwest Harbor (Rand). This, however, may be the same
as var. agrestis, Anders.

Other well marked forms are numerous; but it seems impos-
sible to identify them with any certainty without a careful
comparison with authentic specimens in European herbaria.

A. caninum (L.), Roem. & Schultes. Triticum caninum, L.
Bare. Field near the head of Northeast Harbor (Rand). Naturalized from Europe, and also indigenous. Probably intro-
duced on the Island.

HORDEUM, L. Barley.

H. jubatum, L. Squirrel-tail Grass.

Common on the coast.


E. Virginicus, L.

Common on the coast.

E. mollis, Trin.

Muddy or sandy shores on the coast; frequent. Considered by many authors as identical with E. arenarius, L., which
occurs on the Pacific coast.
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.

Series II. CRYPTOAGAMIA; FLOWERLESS PLANTS.

Class I. PTERIDOPHYTA.

EQUISETACEÆ. Horsetail Family.

EQUISETUM, L. Horsetail. Scouring Rush.

E. arvense, L. Common Horsetail. Moist gravelly soil; common.

E. sylvaticum, L. Wet banks and shady places; frequent.

E. limosum, L. Borders of ponds; rare. Bubble Pond (F. M. Day, Redfield); — Great Pond (Rand).

FILICES. Ferns.

POLYPODIUM, L. Polypody.

P. vulgare, L. Rocks; very common.

P. aquilina, L. Dry soil; very common.

PTERIS, L. Brake.

A. Filix-fœmina (L.), Bernh. Lady Fern. Damp shady places; frequent, and very variable.


Fronds 1°–3° high, rather rigid, narrow in outline, nearly bipinnate; pinnae obliquely ascending or curved upwards, narrowly lanceolate; segments oblong, crowded, crenated or serrate;
E. pretiosa, AR+ XE+ BR, H+ Finc (m) R+ /RSA.
E. herpoides, BR, GR, H+ XE+ AR, Calc., XE+ AR, BR, RC
E. variegatum, BR+
E. palustre, BR+, Calc., AR, BR, RSA-
E. variegatum, AR+, Peri, BR, GB (n)
E. hirsutissimum, PD, S, GR+ XE+ AR, RSA, RC
E. hirsutissimum, Calc.
Cryptocamae Stellata, GR+ Bi+ Trace, Mt+ XE, BR, Peri, RC
Cryptocamae, Mt Alb.
Adiantum pedatum, Mt Alb (n) GR+
A. p. var. aleuticum, Mt A-
A. Trichomanes, Mt Ronis + R. Stehnnel, Monte (m) Bi+.
A. viride, GR+ Bi+, Trace Mt+ (1850) BR+ Peri, AB, Forth, R. Stehnnel.
Monte Ronis, Stehnnel, Monte (m) RC+ Care
A. The飞跃, Bi+ RC
P. calcarea BR+

Var. exile, D. C. Eaton.

Fronds 3'-6' high, lanceolate, pinnate; pinnae oblong-lanceolate, deeply cut into oblong laciniae which are two- to three-toothed at the end. Eaton, Ferns N. A. 227. Woods; rare. Breakneck road (Clara L. Walley).

**PHEGOPTERIS**, Fée. **BEECH FERN.**

**P. polypodioides**, Fée. **Polypodium Phegopteris**, L. N.B. ac

Common in damp woods. A form closely approaching **P. hexagonoptera**, Fée, in woods, Seal Harbor (Redfield). A form with the main rhachis forked at the apex, woods, head of The Barcelona meadow (Rand).

**P. Dryopteris** (L.), Fée.

Damp woods and shaded rocky places; common.

**ASPIDIUM**, Swz. **SHIELD FERN.**

**A. Thelypteris** (L.), Swz.

Damp ground; not uncommon. Seal Harbor; Long Pond meadows; Sutton Island; Great Cranberry Isle; Baker Island (Redfield); — on Somes Stream (R. & R.).

**A. Noveboracense** (L.), Swz.

Damp woods; frequent. Seal Harbor; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Redfield); — Breakneck road (Clara L. Walley); — "Mt. Desert" (F. M. Day).

**A. spinulosum** (Retz), Swz.

Damp woods; not uncommon. Breakneck road (Clara L. Walley); — Seal Harbor; Ovens (Redfield).

**Var. intermedium** (Muhl.), D. C. Eaton.

Woods; common.


A. marginale (L.), Swz. Rocky woods; frequent.


CYSTOPTERIS, Bernh. Bladder Fern.

C. fragilis (L.), Bernh. Rare. Caves, Barr Hill (Redfield); — wet cliffs, West Branch of Hadlock Brook (Rand).

ONOCLEA, L. Sensitive Fern.

O. sensibilis, L. Common in low ground.

WOODSIA, R. Br.

W. Ilvensis (L.), R. Br. Infrequent and local. Dog Mt. (Rand); — Flying Mt. (Annie S. Downs, H. C. Jones, and others); — Beech Cliff (Annie S. Downs, R. & R.).

DICKSONIA, L'Hér.


D. punctilobula (Mx.), Gray.
Polyg. Braunnii. Car. BR+ Sic MDA-
Polyg. secundinum Mt4ble (m)

A. fragrans. R du X. Bie+ Trace, R+ BR+
R.Sie. A. M. Tec. R (m) MDA-

Polyg. Lonchata. Trace R (1750-1800)+ Peru
A. felix-mas Perci+ Fox R (m)

C. montana Mt4ble (m)

W. galilea ER+ BR+ SR a. R. Fox, on n. coast (m) KE+

W. oregana Bie+
W. hyperborea Bie+ BR+ SR a.R. Cap Rio. R. Sie. M (m)

W. scopulina T+

Woodwardia virginica. GB (m)
792°  B. Virginica, C. NC. 4R. Bie + Cast, RC. BR. Stil (Alc. us.)
G C  Rdc.

B. Lunaria, P + Bie + Cast 9R + Peet Capt (Alc. us.)

Ver. robustula N +
CATALOGUE OF PLANTS.

OSMUNDA, L. FLOWERING FERN.

O. regalis, L. FLOWERING FERN.

Swamps and wet meadows; common. S.

O. Claytoniana, L. INTERRUPTED FLOWERING FERN.


O. cinnamomea, L. CINNAMON FERN.

Common in damp ground everywhere. C, B, A, S, D, a, b.

OPHIOGLOSSACEÆ. ADDER'S TONGUE FAMILY.

BOTRYCHIUM, Swz. MOONWORT.

B. simplex, Hitchcock. Rare. High Head (Rand, Redfield & Faxon); — Beech Cliff (Rand).

B. matricariæfolium, A. Br.

Infrequent. Jordan Pond road (Harriet A. Hill); — field, Northwest Cove; Cold Brook; Great Cranberry Isle (Rand).

B. ternatum (Thunb.), Swz.

Somewhat frequent in low fields and pastures; occasionally in woods. Seal Harbor; Long Pond meadows (Redfield); — Sutton Island; Sawyer Cove (Harriet A. Hill); — Duck Brook road (Clara L. Walley); — woods, north of Jordan Pond (Theodore G. White); — meadow, head of Northeast Creek; Southwest Valley road (Rand).

Var. intermedium, D. C. Eaton.

Rare. High Head meadow (Rand).

Var. obliquum (Muhl.), Milde.

Not uncommon. Duck Brook road (Clara L. Walley); — meadow, head of Northeast Creek; Southwest Harbor (Rand); fields above Long Pond (R. & R.).
Var. dissectum (Spreng.), Milde.

Frequent. Duck Brook road (Clara L. Walley); — meadow, head of Northeast Creek; High Head meadow; fields, Clark Point, Southwest Harbor (Rand); — fields above Long Pond (Redfield); — Sawyer Cove (Harriet A. Hill).

**OPHIOGLOSSUM, L. ADDER’S TONGUE.**

O. vulgatum, L.

Rare. Wet field, head of Southwest Harbor (Annie S. Downs).

**LYCOPODIACEÆ. CLUB MOSS FAMILY.**

**LYCOPODIUM, L. CLUB MOSS.**

L. Selago, L. M. *Acetosella* (m) *Picea* Breit. Tract. Mr.

Rare. Sargent Mt. (H. C. Jones, Rand, Redfield).

L. incisum, Mx.

Deep moist woods; common.

L. inundatum, L.

Bogs and wet places; frequent. Cedar Swamp; Southwest Harbor; Sea Wall Swamp; Aunt Bettys Pond; Ripples Pond; Gilmore Meadow; Great Cranberry Isle, etc. (Rand); — bog, Hadlock Upper Pond, etc. (Redfield).

Var. Bigelovii, Tuck.

Bogs; uncommon. Border of Upper Breakneck Pond; border of Aunt Bettys Pond (Rand).

L. annotinum, L.

Woods and damp thickets; frequent. Also Sargent Mt. (Theodore G. White).

L. obscurum, L.

Rare. Roadside between Somesville and Southwest Harbor, near Canada Valley (Rand).

Var. dendroideum (Mx.), D. C. Eaton. **GROUND PINE.**

Woods; common.
Cost van fungus C
amount vs. alpaca Ke. All 400 fr. (m)
806 a var. monoactymom C. B. R. R. CR D.
var. labelliforme C. A. B. R. D.
R. sitchense R. CR D. YK ma-
R. sabinaefolia CR R. D. alba YK (m) IC
L. alpinum ma-
S. spinosa RCR CRB RCR Pecí Rada R. str. (m) ma - RSA.
L. clavatum, L. 
Woods and thickets; very common.

L. complanatum, L. Trailing Christmas Green.
Dry woods and thickets; common.

Var. Chamæcyparissus (Braun), D. C. Eaton.
Woods and mountain thickets; infrequent. Between Jordan Pond and Eagle Lake (Redfield); — between Jordan Pond and Northeast Harbor (R. & R.); — Pemetic Mt.; woods, Aunt Bettys Pond (Rand).

SELAGINELLACEÆ.

SELAGINELLA, Beauv.

S. rupestris (L.), Spring.
Rare and local. Flying Mt. (H. C. Jones, Rand); — Dog Mt. (Elizabeth G. Britton, Rand, E. Faxon).

ISOETES, L. Quillwort.

I. lacustris, L.
Infrequent. Mouth of Deer Brook, Jordan Pond (Redfield); — west shore of Jordan Pond (Rand). A very small form on west shore of Jordan Pond (Rand). A peculiar form, probably of this species, Deer Brook (Rand); — Northwest Arm, Great Pond (Fernald).

I. echinospora, Durieu, var. Braunii (Durieu), Engelm.
Sandy and gravelly brook courses and pond shores; frequent. Jordan Stream; Deer Brook; shores of Jordan Pond (R. & R.); — Somes Stream; Denning Brook (Rand).

I. riparia, Engelm.
Rare. Somes Stream (George G. Kennedy); — southeast end of Ripples Pond (Rand). A form “not typical I. riparia, and yet quite a departure from I. lacustris,” — Ripples Brook (Rand, M. L. Fernald), fide L. M. Underwood.
FLORA OF MOUNT DESERT.

CLASS II. BRYOPHYTA.

DIVISION I. MUSCI; MOSSES.

ORDER I. SPHAGNACEÆ. PEAT MOSSES.

List prepared by Edward L. Rand, assisted greatly by Edwin Faxon and Prof. Daniel C. Eaton, and arranged mainly in accordance with the writings of Dr. Carl Warnstorf, of Neuruppin, Germany.

The plants catalogued in the following list have been collected mostly by Edwin Faxon and Edward L. Rand; the determinations are by Dr. Carl Warnstorf. In view of the great difficulty of finding descriptions of the various species and varieties, it has been thought wise to give freely references to Lesquereux and James's "Mosses of North America," and to Dr. Warnstorf's articles on North American Sphagna, to be found in Coulter's Botanical Gazette, Vol. XV., in the numbers for the months of June, August, September, and October, 1890,—both of which works can be consulted with little trouble. In cases, furthermore, where descriptions are not there given, they have been either translated or specially prepared for this list by Prof. Eaton and Mr. Faxon. It has not seemed best to include forms and sub-forms herein, since most of them have little value except for the critical student. Very many of them are, however, represented in the Mt. Desert Herbarium. On the other hand, all varieties are given, without regard to the distinctions on which they are founded. The value, however, of most of the so-called color varieties is very doubtful, since careful observations seem to prove beyond question that the color of Sphagnum varies greatly with the season. It is even a matter of doubt whether a given plant of any species may not quickly vary through the influence of temporary external conditions, assuming at one time the form of one variety, at another time the form of another. This doubtful value of varieties of Sphagnum furnishes an additional reason for the exclusion of mere forms and sub-forms from a local catalogue of plants.